DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES



South Dakota Surface Water Discharge Program Application for Permit to Discharge Wastewater

GENERAL INFORMATION

This form is provided by the Secretary of the South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources in accordance with '74:03:18:09 of the Administrative Rules of South Dakota. No South Dakota Surface Water Discharge Permit will be issued except under completion, and submittal of this form to:

South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources Surface Water Quality Program Joe Foss Building 523 East Capitol Avenue Pierre, South Dakota 57501-3181

Check the appropriate resp	oonse:		
Permit Renewal	New Application		
T. W			
	eck most appropriate respons	e):	
□ POTW	☐Industry		
Water Treatment Pla			
Other (please specify	<i>'</i>)		
PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE			
1. Name of Facility:			
2. Mailing Address of Own			
Name			
Street			
City			
State	County	Zip Code	
2 M-9:	4 (°C 1°CC4 C		
	ty (if different from owner):		
Name			
State	County	Zip Code	
Include other local contacts	3.		
		Dhono	
Name	Title	Phone	
Name	Title	Phone	
4. Telephone Number:			
Owner:	Facility:		
FOR SDDENR USE ONLY			
Application Number:	Permit Nu	mber:	
Date Received: New Facility:	Date Perm	itted:	_
Receiving Stream:	PCS:		

5. Is this facility located on Indian lands? Yes No
6. Please include a brief description of the nature of the business conducted at this facility. Include from one to four Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes which best reflect the principal products or services provided by the facility.
Please list all the activities which require the applicant to obtain a discharge permit.
7. Operational History: Date Constructed: Operational Start-up:
NOTE: Provide a narrative description of each change or improvement made to this facility, either currently underway or anticipated over the next five years, which will affect the quality of the discharge or generated sludge. For each change or improvement, provide projected dates, as accurately as possible, for completion of each step listed below: A. Begin Construction B. End Construction C. Begin Discharge D. Operational Level Attained

8.	Type of treatment (check <u>all</u> appropriate boxes): A. No treatment
	Stabilization pond: A. Effluent discharge to "Waters of the State" B. Effluent used for irrigation C. Total retention - No Discharge D. Stabilization pond/artificial wetland system E. Infiltration/percolation basins F. Aerated Lagoon G. Other, please explain:
	Mechanical Treatment Facilities: A. Conventional Secondary Treatment B. Advanced Treatment - Tertiary C. Other, please explain:
9.	NOTE: Please attach a description of the treatment units employed by the facility, including a line drawing of the current wastewater treatment facility. Waters of the State can not be used for treatment Number of separate discharge points which have an existing or potential release of treated or
	escribe the discharge and the type of wastewater from each outfall. Include all overflows, bypasses, seasonal discharges from lift stations, lagoons, holding ponds, etc.: Outfall 001 Outfall 002
At	Outfall 002 Outfall 003 tach additional sheets if necessary.
	NOTE: Please place points of discharge on a topographic map, or other map if a topographic map is unavailable. This map should extend to one (1) square mile beyond the property boundaries of the facility and each of its intake and discharge facilities; each of its hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities; each well where fluids from the facility are injected underground; and those wells, springs, other surface water bodies, drinking water wells, and surface water intake structures listed in public records, or otherwise known to the applicant in the map area.
10	Are you able to bypass your treatment facility? Yes If yes, which outfall(s) listed above correspond to this bypass discharge? No
11	. Is discharge (check one): A. Continuous B. Intermittent C. Seasonal D. No Discharge
If	other than continuous, please explain:

12. Name of Receiving Waters:
If wastewater is discharged to places other than surface water, please explain:
13. Type of Sludge disposal (check all appropriate boxes): A. Land Application (please explain): B. Surface Disposal C. Landfill D. Other (please explain): E. Sludge is not generated or disposed of at this facility
14. If A, B, C, or D was marked in Question 13, provide a narrative on the following sludge production information: (Attach additional sheets if necessary) A. Tons of dry sludge produced each year B. Average percent solids sludge produced C. Tons of dry sludge disposed of each year D. Average percent solids sludge sent for use and/or disposal E. Attach any sludge monitoring data obtained over the last year (including groundwater
 monitoring data, results of hazardous waste tests, and results of actions taken to determine whether sludge is hazardous). Include a description of the methods used and sampling locations and dates. 15. List other information which you feel should be brought to the attention of the SDDENR in regard to the issuance of a discharge permit for the facility. (Attach additional sheets if
necessary.)
16. Type of Discharge (check all that apply): Publicly Owned Treatment Works (Complete Appendix A) Existing Industrial process wastewater (Complete Appendix B) New Industrial process wastewater (Complete Appendix C) Non-contact cooling water, or other non-process wastewater (Complete Appendix D) Storm water associated with industrial activity (Complete Appendix E)
Large or medium municipal separate storm sewer system Discharge to sanitary sewer and/or Publicly Owned Treatment Works (Complete Appendix C) Backwash from water treatment plants (Complete Appendix C) Concentrated animal feeding operation (Complete Appendix C) Concentrated aquatic animal production facility (Complete Appendix C)
Privately owned treatment works (Complete Appendix C) Federal facility (except those located on Indian reservations) (Complete Appendix C) Silvicultural point source (Complete Appendix C) Other (please specify)

17. Does this application substantially duplicate an application by the same applicant which was denied by the SDDENR or the USEPA within the past five years and which has not been reversed by a court of competent jurisdiction? ☐ Yes ☐ No
18. Existing Environmental Permits
Please check all other Environmental Permits which are held by the facility. Include permit
numbers in the space provided:
A. NPDES or SWD (Discharges to Surface Water)
B. UIC (Underground Injection of Fluids)
C. RCRA (Hazardous Wastes)
D. PSD (Air Emissions from Proposed Sources)
E. Other (please specify)
F. Other (please specify)

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I also certify that I will provide for the operation of this facility in accordance with the Rules and Regulations Governing Operation of Water Pollution Control Facilities and will provide certified operators as required by SDCL 34A-3, Water Supply and Treatment System Operators. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including revocation of the permit and the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

NOTE: Application must be signed by the authorized chief elective or executive officer of the applicant, or by the applicant, if an individual.

I declare and affirm under the penalties of perjury that this claim (petition, application, information) has been examined by me, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, is in all things true and correct.

Name	Title	
Date		
Signature		

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

BEFORE THE SECRETARY OF

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF)
) CERTIFICATION OF
STATE OF) APPLICANT
COUNTY OF))
I,sworn upon oath hereby certify the following	, the applicant in the above matter after being duly ng information in regard to this application:

I have read and understand South Dakota Codified Law Section 1-41-20 which provides:

"The secretary may reject an application for any permit filed pursuant to Titles 34A or 45, including any application by any concentrated swine feeding operation for authorization to operate under a general permit, upon making a specific finding that:

- (1) The applicant is unsuited or unqualified to perform the obligations of a permit holder based upon a finding that the applicant, any officer, director, partner, or resident general manager of the facility for which application has been made:
 - (a) Has intentionally misrepresented a material fact in applying for a permit;
 - (b) Has been convicted of a felony or other crime involving moral turpitude;
 - (c) Has habitually and intentionally violated environmental laws of any state or the United States which have caused significant and material environmental damage;
 - (d) Has had any permit revoked under the environmental laws of any state or the United States; or
 - (e) Has otherwise demonstrated through clear and convincing evidence of previous actions that the applicant lacks the necessary good character and competency to reliably carry out the obligations imposed by law upon the permit holder; or
- (2) The application substantially duplicates an application by the same applicant denied within the past five years which denial has not been reversed by a court of competent jurisdiction. Nothing in this subdivision may be construed to prohibit an applicant from submitting a new application for a permit previously denied, if the new application represents a good faith attempt by the applicant to correct the deficiencies that served as the basis for the denial in the original application.

All applications filed pursuant to Titles 34A and 45 shall include a certification, sworn to under oath and signed by the applicant, that he is not disqualified by reason of this section from obtaining a permit. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, that certification shall constitute a prima facie showing of the suitability and qualification of the applicant. If at any point in the application review, recommendation or hearing process, the secretary finds the applicant has intentionally made any material misrepresentation of fact in regard to this certification,

consideration of the application may be suspended and the application may be rejected as provided for under this section.

Applications rejected pursuant to this section constitute final agency action upon that application and may be appealed to circuit court as provided for under chapter 1-26."

I certify pursuant to 1-41-20, that as an applicant, officer, director, partner, or resident general manager of the activity or facility for which the application has been made that I; a) have not intentionally misrepresented a material fact in applying for a permit; b) have not been convicted of a felony or other crime of moral turpitude; c) have not habitually and intentionally violated environmental laws of any state or the United States which have caused significant and material environmental damage; (d) have not had any permit revoked under the environmental laws of any state or the United States; or e) have not otherwise demonstrated through clear and convincing evidence of previous actions that I lack the necessary good character and competency to reliably carry out the obligations imposed by law upon me. I also certify that this application does not substantially duplicate an application by the same applicant denied within the past five years which denial has not been reversed by a court of competent jurisdiction. Further;

"I declare and affirm under the penalties of perjury that this claim (petition, application, information) has been examined by me, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, is in all things true and correct."

Dated this day of		, 20	
Applicant (print)			
Applicant (signature)			
Subscribed and sworn before me this	day of		, 20
Notary Public (signature)			
My commission expires:			

(SEAL)

PLEASE ATTACH ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION NECESSARY TO DISCLOSE ALL FACTS AND DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO SDCL 1-41-20 (1) (a) THROUGH (e).

ALL VIOLATIONS MUST BE DISCLOSED, BUT WILL NOT AUTOMATICALLY RESULT IN THE REJECTION OF AN APPLICATION



DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

South Dakota Surface Water Discharge Program Application for Permit to Discarge Wastewater

APPENDIX B - EXISTING INDUSTRIAL PROCESS WASTEWATER

Office of Enforcement Washington, DC 20460 EPA Form 3510-2C Revised February 1985 Previous editions are obsolete.

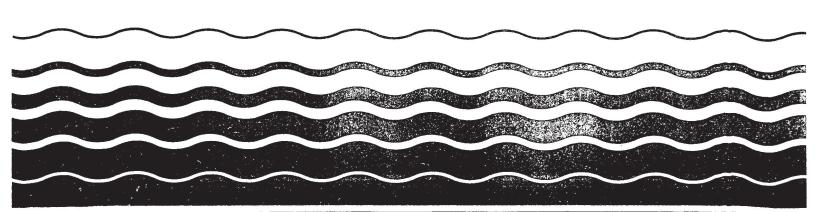
Permits Division

SEPA

Application Form 2C - Wastewater Discharge Information

Consolidated Permits Program

This form must be completed by all persons applying for an EPA permit to discharge wastewater (existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural opera-



INSTRUCTIONS — FORM 2c

Application for Permit to Discharge Wastewater EXISTING MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL, MINING, AND SILVICULTURAL OPERATIONS

You may not claim as confidential any information required by this form or Form 1, whether the information is reported on the forms or in an attachment. This information will be made available to the public upon request.

Any information you submit to EPA which goes beyond that required by this form or Form 1 you may claim as confidential, but claims for information which is effluent data will be denied. If you do not assert a claim of confidentiality at the time of submitting the information, EPA may make the information public without further notice to you. Claims of confidentiality will be handled in accordance with EPA's business confidentiality regulations at 40 CFR Part 2.

Definitions

All significant terms used in these instructions and in the form are defined in the glossary found in the General Instructions which accompany Form 1.

EPA ID Number

Fill in your EPA Identification Number at the top of each page of Form 2c. You may copy this number directly from item 1 of Form 1.

Item |

You may use the map you provided for item XI of Form 1 to determine the latitude and longitude of each of your outfalls and the name of the receiving water.

Item II-A

The line drawing should show generally the route taken by water in your facility from intake to discharge. Show all operations contributing wastewater, including process and production areas, sanitary flows, cooling water, and stormwater runoff. You may group similar operations into a single unit, labeled to correspond to the more detailed listing in item II-B. The water balance should show average flows. Show all significant losses of water to products, atmosphere, and discharge. You should use actual measurements whenever available; otherwise use your best estimate. An example of an acceptable line drawing appears in Figure 2c-1 to these instructions.

Item II-B

List all sources of wastewater to each outfall. Operations may be described in general terms (for example, "dye-making reactor" or "distillation tower"). You may estimate the flow contributed by each source if no data are available. For stormwater discharges you may estimate the average flow, but you must indicate the rainfall event upon which the estimate is based and the method of estimation. For each treatment unit, indicate its size, flow rate, and retention time, and describe the ultimate disposal of any solid or liquid wastes not discharged. Treatment units should be listed in order and you should select the proper code from Table 2c-1 to fill in column 3-b for each treatment unit. Insert "XX" into column 3-b if no code corresponds to a treatment unit you list. If you are applying for a permit for a privately owned treatment works, you must also identify all of your contributors in an attached listing.

Item II-C

A discharge is intermittent unless it occurs without interruption during the operating hours of the facility, except for infrequent shutdowns for maintenance, process changes, or other similar activities. A discharge is seasonal if it occurs only during certain parts of the year. Fill in every applicable column in this item for each source of intermittent or seasonal discharges. Base your answers on actual data whenever available; otherwise, provide your best estimate. Report the highest daily value for flow rate and total volume in the

"Maximum Daily" columns (columns 4-a-2 and 4-b-2). Report the average of all daily values measured during days when discharge occurred within the last year in the "Long Term Average" columns (columns 4-a-1 and 4-b-1).

Item III-A

All effluent guidelines promulgated by EPA appear in the Federal Register and are published annually in 40 CFR Subchapter N. A guideline applies to you if you have any operations contributing process wastewater in any subcategory covered by a BPT, BCT, or BAT guideline. If you are unsure whether you are covered by a promulgated effluent guideline, check with your EPA Regional office (Table 1 in the Form 1 instructions). You must check "yes" if an applicable effluent guideline has been promulgated, even if the guideline limitations are being contested in court. If you believe that a promulgated effluent guideline has been remanded for reconsideration by a court and does not apply to your operations, you may check "no."

Item III-B

An effluent guideline is expressed in terms of production (or other measure of operation) if the limitation is expressed as mass of pollutant per operational parameter; for example, "pounds of BOD per cubic foot of logs from which bark is removed," or "pounds of TSS per megawatt hour of electrical energy consumed by smelting furnace". An example of a guideline not expressed in terms of a measure of operation is one which limits the concentration of pollutants.

Item III-C

This item must be completed only if you checked "yes" to item III-B. The production information requested here is necessary to apply effluent guidelines to your facility and you cannot claim it as confidential. However, you do not have to indicate how the reported information was calculated. Report quantities in the units of measurement used in the applicable effluent guideline. The production figures provided must be based on actual daily production and not on design capacity or on predictions of future operations. To obtain alternate limits under 40 CFR 122.45(b)(2)(ii), you must define your maximum production capability and demonstrate to the Director that your actual production is substantially below maximum production capability and that there is a reasonable potential for an increase above actual production during the duration of the permit.

Item IV-A

If you check "yes" to this question, complete all parts of the chart, or attach a copy of any previous submission you have made to EPA containing same information.

Item IV-B

You are not required to submit a description of future pollution control projects if you do not wish to or if none is planned.

Item V-A, B, C, and D

The items require you to collect and report data on the pollutants discharged for each of your outfalls. Each part of this item addresses a different set of pollutants and must be completed in accordance with the specific instructions for that part. The following general instructions apply to the entire item.

General Instructions

Part A requires you to report at least one analysis for each pollutant listed. Parts B and C require you to report analytical data in two ways. For some pollutants, you may be required to mark 'X' in the "Testing Required" column (column 2-a, Part C), and test (sample and analyze) and report the levels of the pollutants in your discharge whether or not you expect them to be present in your discharge. For all others, you must mark 'X' in either the "Believe Present" column or the "Believe Absent" column (columns 2-a or 2-b, Part B, and columns 2-b or 2-c, Part C) based on your best estimate, and test for those which you believe to be present. (See specific instructions on the form and below for Parts A through D.) Base your determination that a pollutant is present in or absent from your discharge on your knowledge of your raw materials, maintenance chemicals, inter-

ITEM V - A, B, C, and D (continued)

mediate and final products and byproducts, and any previous analyses known to you of your effluent or similar effluent. (For example, if you manufacture pesticides, you should expect those pesticides to be present in contaminated stormwater runoff.) If you would expect a pollutant to be present solely as a result of its presence in your intake water, you must mark "Believe Present" but you are not required to analyze for that pollutant. Instead, mark an 'X' in the "Intake" column

A. Reporting. All levels must be reported as concentration and as total mass. You may report some or all of the required data by attaching separate sheets of paper instead of filling out pages V-I to V-9 if the separate sheets contain all the required information in a format which is consistent with pages V-I to V-9 in spacing and in identification of pollutants and columns. (For example, the data system used in your GC/MS analysis may be able to print data in the proper format.) Use the following abbreviations in the columns headed "Units" (column 3, Part A, and column 4, Parts B and C).

Concentration	Mass
ppm parts per million	lbspounds
mg/l milligrams per liter	ton tons (English tons)
ppb parts per billion	mg milligrams
ug/lmicrograms per liter	ggrams
	kg kilograms
	T tonnes (metric tons)

All reporting of values for metals must be in terms of "total recoverable metal," unless:

- (1) An applicable, promulgated effluent limitation or standard specifies the limitation for the metal in dissolved, valent, or total form; or
- (2) All approved analytical methods for the metal inherently measure only its dissolved form (e.g., hexavalent chromium); or
- (3) The permitting authority has determined that in establishing case-by-case limitations it is necessary to express the limitations on the metal in dissolved, valent, or total form to carry out the provisions of the CWA.

If you measure only one daily value, complete only the "Maximum Daily Values" columns and insert '1' into the "Number of Analyses" column (columns 2-a and 2-d, Part A, and column 3-a, 3-d, Parts B and C). The permitting authority may require you to conduct additional analyses to further characterize your discharges. For composite samples, the daily value is the total mass or average concentration found in a composite sample taken over the operating hours of the facility during a 24-hour period; for grab samples, the daily value is the arithmetic or flow-weighted total mass or average concentration found in a series of at least four grab samples taken over the operating hours of the facility during a 24-hour period.

If you measure more than one daily value for a pollutant and those values are representative of your wastestream, you must report them. You must describe your method of testing and data analysis. You also must determine the average of all values within the last year and report the concentration and mass under the "Long Term Average Values" columns (column 2-c, Part A, and column 3-c, Parts B and C), and the total number of daily values under the "Number of Analyses" columns (column 2-d, Part A, and columns 3-d, Parts B and C). Also, determine the average of all daily values taken during each calendar month, and report the highest average under the "Maximum 30-day Values" columns (column 2-c, Part A, and column 3-b, Parts B and C).

B. Sampling: The collection of the samples for the reported analyses should be supervised by a person experienced in performing sampling of industrial wastewater. You may contact your EPA or State permitting authority for detailed guidance on sampling techniques and for answers to specific questions. Any specific requirements contained in the applicable analytical methods should be followed for sample containers, sample preservation.

holding times, the collection of duplicate samples, etc. The time when you sample should be representative of your normal operation, to the extent feasible, with all processes which contribute wastewater in normal operation, and with your treatment system operating properly with no system upsets.

a minimum of one grab sample may be taken for effluents from holding ponds or other impoundments with a retention period of greater than 24 hours. For stormwater discharges a minimum of one to four grab samples may be taken, depending on the duration of the discharge. One grab must be taken in the first hour (or less) of discharge, with one additional grab (up to a minimum of four) taken in each succeeding hour of discharge for discharges lasting four or more hours. The Director may waive composite sampling for any outfall for which you demonstrate that use of an automatic sampler is infeasible and that a minimum of four grab samples will be representative of your discharge.

Grab and composite samples are defined as follows:

Grab sample: An individual sample of at least 100 milliliters collected at a randomly-selected time over a period not exceeding 15 minutes.

Composite sample: A combination of at least 8 sample aliquots of at least 100 milliliters, collected at periodic intervals during the operating hours of a facility over a 24 hour period. The composite must be flow proportional; either the time interval between each aliquot or the volume of each aliquot must be proportional to either the stream flow at the time of sampling or the total stream flow since the collection of the previous aliquot. Aliquots may be collected manually or automatically. For GC/MS Volatile Organic Analysis (VOA), aliquots must be combined in the laboratory immediately before analysis. Four (4) (rather than eight) aliquots or grab samples should be collected for VOA. These four samples should be collected during actual hours of discharge over a 24 hour period and need not be flow proportioned. Only one analysis is required.

The Agency is currently reviewing sampling requirements in light of recent research on testing methods. Upon completion of its review, the Agency plans to propose changes to the sampling requirements.

Data from samples taken in the past may be used, provided that:

All data requirements are met;

Sampling was done no more than three years before submission; and

All data are representative of the present discharge.

Among the factors which would cause the data to be unrepresentative are significant changes in production level, changes in raw materials, processes, or final products, and changes in wastewater treatment. When the Agency promulgates new analytical methods in 40 CFR Part 136, EPA will provide information as to when you should use the new methods to generate data on your discharges. Of course, the Director may request additional information, including current quantitative data, if she or he determines it to be necessary to assess your discharges.

C. Analysis: You must use test methods promulgated in 40 CFR Part 136; however, if none has been promulgated for a particular pollutant, you may use any suitable method for measuring the level of the pollutant in your discharge provided that you submit a description of the method or a reference to a published method. Your description should include the sample holding time, preservation techniques, and the quality control measures which you used. If you have two or more substantially identical outfalls, you may request permission from your permitting authority to sample and analyse only one outfall and submit the results of the analysis

ITEM V - A, B, C, and D (continued)

for other substantially identical outfalls. If your request is granted by the permitting authority, on a separate sheet attached to the application form, identify which outfall you did test, and describe why the outfalls which you did not test are substantially identical to the outfall which you did test.

D. Reporting of Intake Data: You are not required to report data under the "Intake" columns unless you wish to demonstate your eligibility for a "net" effluent limitation for one or more pollutants, that is, an effluent limitation adjusted by subtracting the average level of the pollutant(s) present in your intake water. NPDES regulations allow net limitations only in certain circumstances. To demonstrate your eligibility, under the "Intake" columns report the average of the results of analyses on your intake water (if your water is treated before use, test the water after it is treated), and discuss the requirements for a net limitation with your permitting authority.

Part V-A

Part V-A must be completed by all applicants for all outfalls, including outfalls containing only noncontact cooling water or storm runoff. However, at your request, the Director may waive the requirement to test for one or more of these pollutants, upon a determination that available information is adequate to support issuance of the permit with less stringent reporting requirements for these pollutants. You also may request a waiver for one or more of these pollutants for your category or subcategory from the Director, Office of Water Enforcement and Permits. See discussion in General Instructions to item V for definitions of the columns in Part A. The "Long Term Average Values" column (column 2-b) are not compulsory but should be filled out if data are available.

Use composite samples for all pollutants in this Part, except use grab samples for pH and temperature. See discussion in General Instructions to Item V for definitions of the columns in Part A. The "Long Term Average Values" column (column 2-c) and "Maximum 30-Day Values" column (column 2-b) are not compulsory but should be filled out if data are available.

Part V-B

Part V-B must be completed by all applicants for all outfalls. including outfalls containing only noncontact cooling water or storm runoff. You must report quantitative data if the pollutant(s) in question is limited in an effluent limitations guideline either directly, or indirectly but expressly through limitation on an indicator (e.g., use of TSS as an indicator to control the discharge of iron and aluminum). For other discharged pollutants you must provide quantitative data or explain their presence in your discharge. EPA will consider requests to the Director of the Office of Water Enforcement and Permits to eliminate the requirement to test for pollutants for an industrial category or subcategory. Your request must be supported by data representative of the industrial category or subcategory in question. The data must demonstrate that individual testing for each applicant is unnecessary, because the facilities in the category or subcategory discharge substantially identical levels of the pollutant or discharge the pollutant uniformly at sufficiently low levels. Use composite samples for all pollutants you analyze for in this part, except use grab samples for residual chlorine, oil and grease, and fecal coliform. The "Long Term Average Values" column (column 3-c) and "Maximum 30-day Values" column (column 3-b) are not compulsory but should be filled out if data are available.

Part V-C

Table 2c-2 lists the 34 "primary" industry categories in the lefthand column. For each outfall, if any of your processes which contribute wastewater falls into one of those categories, you must mark 'X' in "Testing Required" column (column 2-a) and test for (l) all of the toxic metals, cyanide, and total phenols, and (2) the organic toxic pollutants contained in Table 2c-2 as applicable to your category, unless you qualify as a small business (see below). The organic toxic pollutants are listed by GC/MS frac-

tions on pages V-4 to V-9 in Part V-C. For example, the Organic Chemicals Industry has an asterisk in all four fractions; therefore, applicants in this category must test for all organic toxic pollutants in Part V-C. The inclusion of total phenols in Part V-C is not intended to classify total phenols as a toxic pollutant. If you are applying for a permit for a privately owned treatment works, determine your testing requirements on the basis of the industry categories of your contributors. When you determine which industry category you are in to find your testing requirements, you are not determining your category for any other purpose and you are not giving up your right to challenge your inclusion in that category (for example, for deciding whether an effluent guideline is applicable) before your permit is issued. For all other cases (secondary industries, nonprocess wastewater outfalls, and nonrequired GC/MS fractions), you must mark "X" in either the "Believed Present" column (column 2-b) or the "Believed Absent" column (column 2-c) for each pollutant. For every pollutant you know or have reason to believe is present in your discharge in concentrations of 10 ppb or greater, you must report quantitative data. For acrolein, acrylonitrile, 2, 4 dinitrophenol, and 2-methyl-4, 6 dinitrophenol, where you expect these four pollutants to be discharged in concentrations of 100 ppb or greater, you must report quantitative data. For every pollutant expected to be discharged in concentrations less than the thresholds specified above, you must either submit quantitative data or briefly describe the reasons the pollutant is expected to be discharged. At your request the Director, Office of Water Enforcement and Permits, may waive the requirement to test for pollutants for an industrial category or subcategory. Your request must be supported by data representatives of the industrial category or subcategory in question. The data must demonstrate that individual testing for each applicant is unnecessary, because the facilities in question discharge substantially identical levels of the pollutant, or discharge the pollutant uniformly at sufficiently low levels. If you qualify as a small business (see below) you are exempt from testing for the organic toxic pollutants, listed on pages V-4 to V-9 in Part C. For pollutants in intake water, see discussion in General Instructions to this item. The "Long Term Average Values" column (column 3-c) and "Maximum 30-day Values" column (column 3-b) are not compulsory but should be filled out if data are available. You are required to mark "Testing Required" for dioxin if you use or manufacture one of the following compounds:

- (a) 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy acetic acid, (2,4,5-T);
- (b) 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) propanoic acid, (Silvex, 2,4,5-TP).
- (c) 2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) ethyl 2,2-dichloropropionate, (Erbon):
- (d) 0,0-dimethyl 0-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) phosphorothioate, (Ronnel):
- (e) 2,4,5,-trichlorophenol, (TCP); or
- (f) hexachlorophene, (HCP).

If you mark "Testing Required" or "Believed Present," you must perform a screening analysis for dioxins, using gas chromotography with an electron capture detector. A TCDD standard for quantitation is not required. Describe the results of this analysis in the space provided; for example, "no measurable baseline deflection at the retention time of TCDD" or "a measurable peak within the tolerances of the retention time of TCDD." The permitting authority may require you to perform a quantitative analysis if you report a positive result. The Effluent Guidelines Division of EPA has collected and analyzed samples from some plants for the pollutants listed in Part C in the course of its BAT guidelines development program. If your effluents are sampled and analyzed as part of this program in the last three years, you may use these data to answer Part C provided that the permitting authority approves, and provided that no process change or change in raw materials or operating practices has occurred since the samples were taken that would make the analyses unrepresentative of your current discharge.

ITEM V - A, B, C, and D (continued)

Small Business Exemption: If you qualify as a "small business," you are exempt from the reporting requirements for the organic toxic pollutants, listed on pages V-4 to V-9 in Part C. There are two ways in which you can qualify as a "small business." If your facility is a coal mine, and if your probable total annual production is less than 100,000 tons per year, you may submit past production data or estimated future production (such as a schedule of estimated total production under 30 CFR § 795.14(c)) instead of conducting analyses for the organic toxic pollutants. If your facility is not a coal mine, and if your gross total annual sales for the most recent three years average less than \$100,000 per year (in second quarter 1980 dollars), you may submit sales data for those years instead of conducting analyses for the organic toxic pollutants. The production or sales data must be for the facility which is the source of the discharge. The data should not be limited to production or sales for the process or processs which contribute to the discharge, unless those are the only processes at your facility. For sales data, in situations involving intracorporate transfer of goods and services, the transfer price per unit should approximate market prices for those goods and services as closely as possible. Sales figures for years after 1980 should be indexed to the second quarter of 1980 by using the gross national product price deflator (second quarter of 1980 = 100). This index is available in National Income and Product Accounts of the United States (Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis).

Part V-D

List any pollutants in Table 2c-3 that you believe to be present and explain why you believe them to be present. No analysis is required, but if you have analytical data, you must report it.

Note: Under 40 CFR 117.12(a)(2), certain discharges of hazardous substances (listed in Table 2c-4 of these instructions) may be exempted from the requirements of section 311 of CWA, which establishes reporting requirements, civil penalties and liability for cleanup costs for spills of oil and hazardous substances. A discharge of a particular substance may be exempted if the origin, source, and amount of the discharged substances are identified in the NDPES permit application or in the permit, if the permit contains a requirement for treatment of the discharge, and if the treatment is in place. To apply for an exclusion of the discharge of any hazardous substance from the requirements of section 311, attach additional sheets of paper to your form, setting forth the following information:

- 1. The substance and the amount of each substance which may be discharged.
- 2. The origin and source of the discharge of the substance.
- 3. The treatment which is to be provided for the discharge by:
 - a. An onsite treatment system separate from any treatment system treating your normal discharge;
 - b. A treatment system designed to treat your normal discharge and which is additionally capable of treating the amount of the substance identified under paragraph 1 above; or
 - c. Any combination of the above.

See 40 CFR§117.12(a)(2) and (c), published on August 29, 1979, in 44 FR 50766, or contact your Regional Office (Table 1 on Form 1, Instructions), for further information on exclusions from section 311.

Item VI

This requirement applies to current use or manufacture of a toxic pollutant as an intermediate or final product or byproduct. The Director may waive or modify the requirement if you demonstrate that it would be unduly burdensome to identify each toxic pollutant and the Director has adequate information to issue your permit. You may not claim this information as confidential; however, you do not have to distinguish between use or production of the pollutants or list the amounts.

Item VII

Self explanatory. The permitting authority may ask you to provide additional details after your application is received.

Item D

The Clean Water Act provides for severe penalties for submitting false information on this application form.

Section 309(c)(2) of the Clean Water Act provides that "Any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any application, ... shall upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both."

40 CFR Part 122.22 requires the certification to be signed as follows:

(A) For a corporation: by a responsible corporate official. For purposes of this section, a responsible corporate official means (i) a president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy- or decision-making functions for the corporation, or (ii) the manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities employing more than 250 persons or having gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25,000,000 (in second-quarter 1980 dollars), if authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures.

Note: EPA does not require specific assignments or delegation of authority to responsible corporate officers identified in §122.22(a)(1)(i). The Agency will presume that these responsible corporate officers have the requisite authority to sign permit applications unless the corporation has notified the director to the contrary. Corporate procedures governing authority to sign permit applications may provide for assignment or delegation to applicable corporate position under §122.22(a)(1)(ii) rather than to specific individuals.

- (B) For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or
- (C) For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public agency: by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For purposes of this section, a principal executive officer of a Federal Agency includes (i) the chief executive officer of the Agency, or (ii) a senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the Agency (e.g., Regional Administrators of EPA). Applications for Group II stormwater dischargers may be signed by a duly authorized representative (as defined in 40 CFR 122.22(b)) of the individuals identified above.

CODES FOR TREATMENT UNITS

PHYSICAL TREATMENT PROCESSES

1-A Ammonia Stripping 1-B Dialysis 1-C Diatomaceous Earth Filtration 1-D Distillation 1-E Electrodialysis 1-F Evaporation 1-G Floculation 1-H Flotation 1-I Foam Fractionation 1-J Freezing 1-K Gas-Phase Separation 1-L	1-M .Grit Removal 1-N .Microstraining 1-O .Mixing 1-P .Moving Bed Filters 1-Q .Multimedia Filtration 1-R .Rapid Sand Filtration 1-S .Reverse Osmosis (Hyperfiltration) 1-T .Screening 1-U .Sedimentation (Settling) 1-V .Slow Sand Filtration 1-W .Solvent Extraction 1-X .Sorption
CHEMICAL TREATM	MENT PROCESSES
2—ACarbon Adsorption 2—BChemical Oxidation 2—CChemical Precipitation 2—DCoagulation 2—EDechlorination 2—FDisinfection (Chlorine)	2-GDisinfection (Ozone) 2-HDisinfection (Other) 2-IElectrochemical Treatment 2-JIon Exchange 2-KNeutralization 2-LReduction
BIOLOGICAL TREAT	MENT PROCESSES
3-A Activated Sludge 3-B Aerated Lagoons 3-C Anaerobic Treatment 3-D Nitrification—Denitrification	3-E
OTHER PR	OCESSES
4-A	4–C
SLUDGE TREATMENT AN	D DISPOSAL PROCESSES
5-A	5-M

E A	
5-A Aerobic Digestion	5-M Heat Drying
5-B Anaerobic Digestion	
	5-N Heat Treatment
5—C Belt Filtration	5-0 Incineration
5—D Centrifugation	
	5-P Land Application
5—E	5—Q Landfill
5F	
	5–R Pressure Filtration
5—G	5—S
5—H Drying Beds	
	5-T
5—1	5-U Vacuum Filtration
5-J Flotation Thickening	
	5—V
5-K Freezing	5-W
5-1 Gravity Thickening	

TESTING REQUIREMENTS FOR ORGANIC TOXIC POLLUTANTS INDUSTRY CATEGORY*

INDUSTRY CATEGORY -		GC/MS FRACTION'			
		Acid	Base/Neutral	Pesticid	
dhesives and sealants	×	X	X	no.	
Aluminum forming	X	X	X		
Auto and other laundries	X	X	X	X	
Battery manufacturing	X	_	X		
Coal mining	X	X	X	X	
Coil coating	X	X	X	_	
Copper forming	X	X	X		
lectric and electronic compounds	X	X	X	X	
Electroplating	X	×	X		
xplosives manufacturing	_	X	X		
oundries	X	×	X	_	
Gum and wood chemicals	×	×	X	X	
norganic chemicals manufacturing	×	×	X	***	
ron and steel manufacturing	X	X	X	_	
eather tanning and finishing	X	×	X	Х	
Nechanical products manufacturing	X	×	X	_	
Nonferrous metals manufacturing	X	X	X	Х	
Ore mining	X	×	X	X	
Organic chemicals manufacturing	×	×	X	X	
aint and ink formulation	X	X	X	X	
Pesticides	X	X	X	X	
etroleum refining	X	X	X	X	
harmaceutical preparations	×	X	X	_	
hotographic equipment and supplies	X	X	X	Х	
lastic and synthetic materials manufacturing	X	X	X	X	
lastic processing	×	_	_	_	
orcelain enameling. , ,	X	****	X	Х	
rinting and publishing	X	×	X	X	
ulp and paperboard mills	, X	×	X	X	
ubber processing	X	×	X	_	
oap and detergent manufacturing	X	×	X	_	
team electric power plants	X	×	X	_	
extile mills	X	×	X	X	
imber products processing	X	×	X	X	

^{*}See note at conclusion of 40 CFR Part 122, Appendix D (1983) for explanation of effect of suspensions on testing requirements for primary industry categories.

¹The pollutants in each fraction are listed in Item V—C.

X = Testing required.

^{- =} Testing not required.

TOXIC POLLUTANT

Asbestos

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Acetaldehyde Allyl alcohol
Allyl chloride Amyl acetate Aniline Benzonitrile Benzyl chloride Butyl acetate Butylamine Captan Carbaryl Carbofuran Carbon disulfide Chlorpyrifos Coumaphos Cresol Crotonaldehyde

Cyclohexane 2,4-D (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid)

Diazinon Dicamba Dichlobenil Dichlone

2,2-Dichloropropionic acid

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Dichlorvos Diethyl amine Dimethyl amine Dintrobenzene Diquat Disulfoton Diuron Epichlorohydrin Ethion Ethylene diamine Ethylene dibromide Formaldehyde Furfural Guthion Isoprene Isopropanolamine Kelthane Kepone Malathion Mercaptodimethur Methoxychlor Methoxychlor
Methyl mercaptan
Methyl methacrylate
Methyl parathion
Mevinphos Mexacarbate Monoethyl amine

Monomethyl amine

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Naled
Napthenic acid
Nitrotoluene
Parathion
Phenolsulfonate
Phosgene
Propargite
Propylene oxide
Pyrethrins
Quinoline
Resorcinol
Strontium
Strychnine

Styrene
2,4,5-T (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid)
TDE (Tetrachlorodiphenyl ethane)
2,4,5-TP [2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy)

propanoic acid]
Trichlorofon
Triethanolamine
Triethylamine
Trimethylamine
Uranium
Vanadium
Vinyl acetate
Xylene
Xylenol
Zirconium

1. Acetaldehyde 2. Acetic acid 3. Acetic anhydride 4. Acetone cyanohydrin 5. Acetyl bromide 6. Acetyl chloride 7. Acrolein 8. Acrylonitrile 9. Adipic acid 10, Aldrin 11. Allyl alcohol 12. Allyl chloride 13. Aluminum sulfate 14. Ammonia 15. Ammonium acetate 16. Ammonium benzoate 17. Ammonium bicarbonate 18. Ammonium bichromate 19. Ammonium bifluoride 20. Ammonium bisulfite Ammonium carbamate 22. Ammonium carbonate 23. Ammonium chloride 24. Ammonium chromate 25. Ammonium citrate 26. Ammonium fluoroborate 27. Ammonium fluoride 28. Ammonium hydroxide 29. Ammonium oxalate 30. Ammonium silicofluoride 31. Ammonium sulfamate 32. Ammonium sulfide 33. Ammonium sulfite 34. Ammonium tartrate 35. Ammonium thiocyanate 36. Ammonium thiosulfate 37. Amyl acetate 38. Aniline 39. Antimony pentachloride 40. Antimony potassium tartrate 41. Antimony tribromide 42. Antimony trichloride 43. Antimony trifluoride 44. Antimony trioxide 45. Arsenic disulfide 46. Arsenic pentoxide 47. Arsenic trichloride 48. Arsenic trioxide 49. Arsenic trisulfide 50. Barium cyanide 51. Benzene 52. Benzoic acid 53. Benzonitrile 54. Benzoyl chloride 55. Benzyl chloride 56. Beryllium chloride 57. Beryllium fluoride 58. Beryllium nitrate 59. Butylacetate 60. n-Butylphthalate 61. Butylamine 62. Butyric acid 63. Cadmium acetate 64. Cadmium bromide 65. Cadmium chloride 66. Calcium arsenate

67. Calcium arsenite

68. Calcium carbide

69. Calcium chromate

70. Calcium cyanide 71. Calcium dodecylbenzenesulfonate 72. Calcium hypochlorite 73. Captan 74. Carbaryl 75. Carbofuran 76. Carbon disulfide 77. Carbon tetrachloride 78. Chlordane 79. Chlorine 80. Chlorobenzene 81. Chloroform 82. Chloropyrifos 83. Chlorosulfonic acid 84. Chromic acetate 85. Chromic acid 86. Chromic sulfate 87. Chromous chloride 88. Cobaltous bromide 89. Cobaltous formate 90. Cobaltous sulfamate 91. Coumaphos 92. Cresol 93. Crotonaldehyde 94. Cupric acetate 95. Cupric acetoarsenite 96. Cupric chloride 97. Cupric nitrate 98. Cupric oxalate 99. Cupric sulfate 100. Cupric sulfate ammoniated 101. Cupric tartrate 102. Cyanogen chloride 103. Cyclohexane 104. 2,4-D acid (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid) 105. 2,4-D esters (2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid esters) 106. DDT 107. Diazinon 108. Dicamba 109, Dichlobenil 110. Dichlone 111. Dichlorobenzene 112. Dichloropropane 113. Dichloropropene 114. Dichloropropene-dichloproropane mix 115. 2,2-Dichloropropionic acid 116. Dichlorvos 117. Dieldrin 118. Diethylamine 119. Dimethylamine 120. Dinitrobenzene 121. Dinitrophenol 122. Dinitrotoluene 123. Diquat 124. Disulfoton 125. Diuron 126. Dodecylbenzesulfonic acid 127. Endosulfan 128. Endrin 129. Epichlorohydrin 130. Ethion 131. Ethylbenzene 132. Ethylenediamine 133. Ethylene dibromide 134. Ethylene dichloride 135. Ethylene diaminetetracetic acid (EDTA)

136. Ferric ammonium citrate 137. Ferric ammonium oxalate 138. Ferric chloride 139. Ferric fluoride 140. Ferric nitrate 141. Ferric sulfate 142. Ferrous ammonium sulfate 143. Ferrous chloride 144. Ferrous sulfate 145. Formaldehyde 146. Formic acid 147. Fumaric acid 148. Furfural 149. Guthion 150. Heptachlor 151. Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 152. Hydrochloric acid 153. Hydrofluoric acid 154. Hydrogen cyanide 155. Hydrogen sulfide 156. Isoprene 157. Isopropanolamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate 158. Kelthane 159. Kepone 160. Lead acetate 161. Lead arsenate 162. Lead chloride 163. Lead fluoborate 164. Lead flourite 165. Lead iodide 166. Lead nitrate 167. Lead stearate 168. Lead sulfate 169. Lead sulfide 170. Lead thiocyanate 171. Lindane 172. Lithium chromate 173. Malathion 174. Maleic acid 175. Maleic anhydride 176. Mercaptodimethur 177. Mercuric cyanide 178. Mercuric nitrate 179. Mercuric sulfate 180. Mercuric thiocyanate 181. Mercurous nitrate 182. Methoxychlor 183. Methyl mercaptan 184. Methyl methacrylate 185. Methyl parathion 186. Mevinphos 187. Mexacarbate 188. Monoethylamine 189. Monomethylamine 190. Naled 191. Naphthalene 192. Naphthenic acid 193. Nickel ammonium sulfate 194. Nickel chloride 195. Nickel hydroxide 196. Nickel nitrate 197. Nickel sulfate 198. Nitric acid 199. Nitrobenzene 200. Nitrogen dioxide 201. Nitrophenol 202. Nitrotoluene 203. Paraformaldehyde

204. Parathion 205. Pentachlorophenol 206, Phenol 207. Phosgene 208. Phosphoric acid 209. Phosphorus 210. Phosphorus oxychloride 211. Phosphorus pentasulfide 212. Phosphorus trichloride 213. Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) 214. Potassium arsenate 215. Potassium arsenite 216. Potassium bichromate 217. Potassium chromate 218. Potassium cyanide 219. Potassium hydroxide 220. Potassium permanganate 221. Propargite 222. Propionic acid 223. Propionic anhydride 224. Propylene oxide 225. Pyrethrins 226. Quinoline 227. Resorcino! 228. Selenium oxide 229. Silver nitrate 230. Sodium 231. Sodium arsenate 232. Sodium arsenite 233. Sodium bichromate 234. Sodium bifluoride 235. Sodium bisulfite 236. Sodium chromate

237. Sodium cyanide

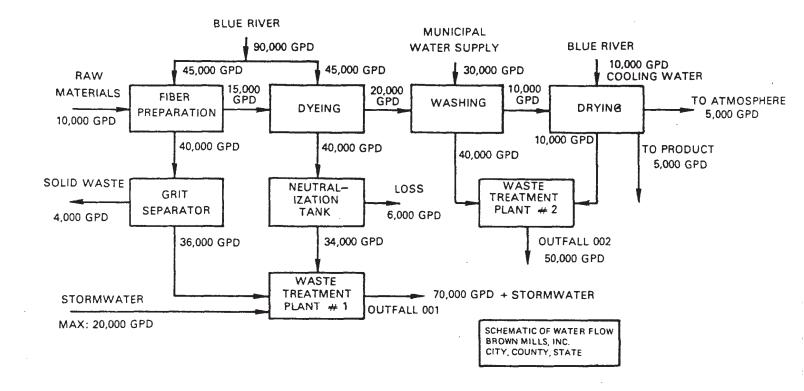
238. Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate 239. Sodium fluoride 240. Sodium hydrosulfide 241. Sodium hydroxide 242. Sodium hypochlorite 243. Sodium methylate 244. Sodium nitrite 245. Sodum phosphate (dibasic) 246. Sodium phosphate (tribasic) 247. Sodium selenite 248. Strontium chromate 249. Strychnine 250. Styrene 251. Sulfuric acid 252. Sulfur monochloride 253. 2,4,5-T acid (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid)
254. 2,4,5-T amines (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy acetic acid amines) 255. 2,4,5-T esters (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy acetic acid esters) 256. 2,4,5-T salts (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy acetic acid salts) 257. 2,4,5-TP acid (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy propanoic acid) 258. 2,4,5-TP acid esters (2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy propanoic acid esters) 259. TDE (Tetrachlorodiphenyl ethane) 260. Tetraethyl lead 261. Tetraethyl pyrophosphate 262. Thallium sulfate 263. Toluene

264. Toxaphene

265. Trichlorofon

266. Trichloroethylene 267. Trichlorophenol 268. Triethanolamine dodecylbenzenesulfonate 269. Triethylamine 270. Trimethylamine 271. Uranyl acetate 272. Uranyl nitrate 273. Vanadium pentoxide 274. Vanadyl sulfate 275. Vinyl acetate 276. Vinylidene chloride 277. Xylene 278. Xylenol 279. Zinc acetate 280. Zinc ammonium chloride 281. Zinc borate 282. Zinc bromide 283. Zinc carbonate 284. Zinc chloride 285. Zinc cyanide 286. Zinc fluoride 287. Zinc formate 288. Zinc hydrosulfite 289. Zinc nitrate 290. Zinc phenolsulfonate 291. Zinc phosphide 292. Zinc silicofluoride 293. Zinc sulfate 294. Zirconium nitrate 295. Zirconium potassium flouride 296. Zirconium sulfate

297. Zirconium tetrachloride



Please print or type in the unshaded areas only.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY (effluent guidelines sub-categories)

2C SEPA

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER EXISTING MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL, MINING AND SILVICULTURAL OPERATION

A U NPDES	V	EPA	, I	EXISTIN	G MANU	JFACTURII		AL, MINING AND SILVI d Permits Program	CULTURAL OF	PERATIONS
		OCATION				- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1				: - : 4
For eac	ch outfa							the name of the receiving wa	ter.	
A. OUT NUM (lis	BER	f. DEG.	2, MIN.	3. SEC.	1. DEG	C. LONGITU	3, sec.	D. RECEIVIN	G WATER (name)	
A. Attac and t	ch a lin treatmer s betwee	nt units labele en intakes, or	owing the ed to corre	water flow spond to treatment	w through the more units, an	the facility, détailed désc d outfalls, If	Indicate sources of riptions in Item B.	intake water, operations co Construct a water balance or annot be determined (e.g., fo or treatment measures,	n the line drawing or certain mining	by showing average
B. For cooli	each ou ng wate	tfall, provide er, and storm I sheets if nec	a descript water rund essary.	tion of: (1 off; (2) Th	I) All ope ne average	rations contr flow contrib	buting wastewater	to the effluent, including protion; and (3) The treatment	ocess wastewater.	sanitary wastewater vastewater. Continue
1. OUT-	 	2. 0	PERATIO	N(S) CON	TRIBUTI	NG FLOW	65 51 511	, 3. TR	EATMENT	
(list)	<u> </u>	a. OP	ERATION	(list)			GE FLOW e units)	a, DESCRIPTION	b	TABLE 2C-1
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
		 								
										
								·		
			···							
						<u>.</u>				

C. Except for st	orm runoff, lea ES (complete t				f the discha	rges desc	ribed in	Items II-A or		t or seasonal? to Section III)				
						3	. FRE	QUENCY	4. FLOW					
1. OUTFALL	2	. OPER	ATIC	N(s)		a.	a. DAYS D. MONTHS			a. FLOW RATE b. TOTAL (in mgd) (specify to			WITH UNITS) C. DUR-	
NUMBER (list)	CON	ITRIBU ()	ist)	FLO	W	(8]	WEEK pecify erage)	PER YEAR (specify average)	I. LONG TERM AVERAGE	2. MAXIMUM DAILY	1. LONG TERM	T	ATION (in days)	
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A. Does an effl	uent guideline i ES (complete It			luigated	Dy EPA ui	naer Seci	tion 304	of the Clean		ory to your tac o Section IV)	CHITY?			
	tations in the ap			nt quic	leline evnre	esed in te	arms of i	aroduction (a			n 12	1		
	ES (complete It			int guic	ienne expre	3300 111 10	51113 O1	oroduction to		o Section IV)				
C. If you answ	ered "yes" to It	em III-B	listth	e quan	tity which r	represen	ts an ac	tual measure				ed in the term	s and units	
used in the	applicable effl	uent gui	ideline	, and i	ndicate the	affected	outfalls	S.	····oritor your	over or product	ж. охртооо	04 111 (110 (01111	o ana anno	
-				1.	AVERAGE	DAILY P	RODUC	TION				2 4555		
]		C. OPE	RATION, PRODU	JCT, MATERIAL	ETC.		2. AFFE OUTF	ALLS	
a. QUANTITY PE	ER DAY D.	UNITS OF	MEAS	URE				(spec		,		(list outfall	numbers)	
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IV. IMPROVEMI	ENTS				:				14.96				2 S	
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A. Are you nov	v required by a lent equipment	ny Fede	raf, St	ate or	local author	rity to m	eet any	implementati	on schedule fo	or the constru	ction, upgradi	ng or operatio	n of waste-	
but is not lir	mited to, permi	t conditi	ions, a	dminist	rative or en	forceme	nt order	s, enforcemen	t compliance	schedule lette	rs, stipulation	s, court orders	, and grant	
or loan cond	itions.			YES	(complete t	he follou	ving tab	le)	No (go to	o Item IV-B)				
I. IDENTIFICAT	ION OF COND	ITION,	2. /	FFEC	TED OUTF	ALLS						4. FIN	AL COM CE DATE	
AGREE	MENT, ETC.		8. NO.	b. sou	RCE OF DIS	CHARGE	1	3. BR	IEF DESCRIP	TION OF PR	OJECT	8. RE- QUIRED		
		-												
B. OPTIONAL:	You may attach	h additic	nal sh	eets de	scribing any	addition	nal water	pollution co	ntrol program	s (or other en	vironmental p	rojects which	may affect	
planned sched	ges) you now h dules for constri	uction.									planned, and SATTACHED		actual or	
			۰۰۰,۰۰۰		023	SILIF IIC	UF A	COLLIONAL	. CONTROL P	GRAMS I	- ALLACREL	•		

EPA Form 3510-2C (Rev. 2-85)

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2

V. INTAKE AND EFFLUENT CHAR	ACTERISTICS		43: 13:24:51 - 7:45 July 10:10:10
A, B, & C: See instructions before		les for each outfall — Annotate the outfa eets numberéd V-1 through V-9.	II number in the space provided.
 Use the space below to list any discharged from any outfall. For possession. 	of the pollutants listed in Table 2c-3 or every pollutant you list, briefly de	of the instructions, which you know or scribe the reasons you believe it to be p	have reason to believe is discharged or may b resent and report any analytical data in you
1. POLLUTANT	2. SOURCE	1. POLLUTANT	2. SOURCE
		lji l	
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l l			
		1	
/I. POTENTIAL DISCHARGES NOT	COVERED BY ANALYSIS	e di de la compania del compania del compania de la compania del compania de la compania de la compania del compania de la compania de la compania de la compania del compan	
Is any pollutant listed in Item V-C a subyproduct?	ibstance or a component of a substan	ce which you currently use or manufactor	ire as an intermediate or final product or
	on Chief all and the		
,¥ =	S (list all such pollutants below)	NO (go to	o Item VI-B)

VII BIOLOGICAL TOMOSTA			
VII. BIOLOGICAL TOXICITY TEST		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Do you have any knowledge or reason receiving water in relation to your di	on to believe that any biological test for acute or of scharge within the last 3 years?	chronic toxicity has been made on any	of your discharges or on a
YES (ident	ify the test(s) and describe their purposes below)	NO (go to S	ection VIII)
		1	
II.CONTRACT ANALYSIS INFORM	ATION		
	Item V performed by a contract laboratory or co	nsulting firm?	
	,		ection IX)
	e name, address, and telephone number of, and ped by, each such laboratory or firm below)	C. TELEPHONE	D. POLLUTANTS ANALYZE
A. NAME	B. ADDRESS	(area code & no.)	(list)
	ll l		
certify under penalty of law that this ssure that qualified personnel propen hose persons directly responsible for g	document and all attachments were prepared un by gather and evaluate the information submitted athering the information, the information submit penalties for submitting false information, inclo	l. Based on my inquiry of the person o ted is, to the best of my knowledge and	persons who manage the system of the lief, true, accurate, and complete
certify under penalty of law that this ssure that qualified personnel proper nose persons directly responsible for g am aware that there are significant	ly gather and evaluate the information submitted athering the information, the information submit penalties for submitting false information, including the comment of the	I. Based on my inquiry of the person of ted is, to the best of my knowledge and uding the possibility of fine and impr	persons who manage the system of the system
certify under penalty of law that this ssure that qualified personnel proper nose persons directly responsible for g am aware that there are significant	ly gather and evaluate the information submitted athering the information, the information submit penalties for submitting false information, including the comment of the	I. Based on my inquiry of the person of ted is, to the best of my knowledge and uding the possibility of fine and impr	persons who manage the system of belief, true, accurate, and complete isonment for knowing violations.
certify under penalty of law that this ssure that qualified personnel proper nose persons directly responsible for g am aware that there are significant	ly gather and evaluate the information submitted athering the information, the information submit penalties for submitting false information, including the comment of the	I. Based on my inquiry of the person of ted is, to the best of my knowledge and uding the possibility of fine and impr	persons who manage the system of belief, true, accurate, and complete isonment for knowing violations.
issure that qualified personnel proper hose persons directly responsible for g	ly gather and evaluate the information submitted athering the information, the information submit penalties for submitting false information, included	I. Based on my inquiry of the person of ted is, to the best of my knowledge and uding the possibility of fine and impr	persons who manage the system of belief, true, accurate, and complete isonment for knowing violations.
certify under penalty of law that this sessure that qualified personnel proper hose persons directly responsible for gam aware that there are significant. A. NAME & OFFICIAL TITLE (type	ly gather and evaluate the information submitted athering the information, the information submit penalties for submitting false information, included	l. Based on my inquiry of the person of ted is, to the best of my knowledge and uding the possibility of fine and impr	persons who manage the system of belief, true, accurate, and complete isonment for knowing violations.

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE IN THE UNSHADED AREAS ONLY. You may report some or all of this information on separate sheets *fuse the same formatl* instead of completing these pages. SEE INSTRUCTIONS.

V. INTAKE AND EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS (continued from page 3 of Form 2·C)

EPA I.D. NUMBER (copy from Item 1 of Form 1)

OUTFALL NO

OMB No. 2040-0086 Approval expires 7-31-88

b. NO. OF ANALYSES b. NO. OF ANAL-YSES which is limited either directly, or indirectly but expressly, in an effluent limitations guideline, you must provide the results of at least one analysis for that pollutant. For other pollutants for which you mark column 2a, you must provide quantitative data or an explanation of their presence in your discharge. Complete one table for each outfall. See the instructions for additional details and requirements. Mark "X" in column 2-a for each pollutant you know or have reason to believe is present. Mark "X" in column 2-b for each pollutant you believe to be absent. If you mark column 2a for any pollutant 5. INTAKE (optional) 4. INTAKE (optional) (2) MASS AVERAGE VALUE (2) MASS PARTA. You must provide the results of at least one analysis for every pollutant in this table. Complete one table for each outfall. See instructions for additional details. AVERAGE VALUE (1) CONCENTRATION CONCENTRATION VALUE VALUE b. MASS b, MASS STANDARD UNITS 4. UNITS 3. UNITS (specify if blank) a. CONCENç ပွ a. CONCEN-TRATION B. MAXIMUM 39 DAY VALUE CLONG TERM AVRG. VALUE CLOS (If available) VALUE (1) (If available) ANAL- (1) (1) MASS AYES d. NO. OF ANALYSES b. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE C.LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE (2) MASS CONCENTRATION (1) CONCENTRATION VALUE VALUE 2. EFFLUENT (2) MASS MAXIMUM (1) CONCENTRATION MINIMOM A. BE- D. BE- A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE VALUE VALUE (z) MASS a. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE (z) MASS MAXIMUM (1) CONCENTRATION (1) CONCENTRATION MINIMUM 2. MARK 'X' VALUE d. Total Suspended Solids (TSS) 1. POLLUTANT e. Ammonia (as N) b. Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Oxygen Demand (BOD) Total Organic 1. POLLUT-ANT AND CAS NO. g. Temperature (winter) h, Temperature b. Chlorine, Total Residual Biochemica c. Total Organ Carbon (TOC) a. Bromide (24959-67-9) d. Fecal Coliform (summer) PART B c. Color f, Flow i. pH

f. Nitrate-Nitrite (as N)

e. Fluoride (16984-48-8) CONTINUE ON REVERSE

D. NO. OF ANAL-YSES CONTINUE ON PAGE V - 3 5. INTAKE (optional) (2) MASS A SERAGE VALUE (1) CONCENTRATION b. MASS 4. UNITS a. CONCENTRATION d. NO. OF b. MAXIMUM 39 DAY VALUE C. LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE (2) MASS CONCENTRATION PAGE'V-2 3. EFFLUENT (2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION 8.8E- b.8E- a. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE sent sent (1) (2) MASS (2) MASS CONCENTRATION ITEM V-B CONTINUED FROM FRONT 2. MARK 'X' u. Molybdenum, Total (7439-98-7) 1. POLLUT-ANT AND CAS NO. (if available) j. Radioactivity t. Magnesium, Total (7439-95-4) v. Manganese, Total (7439-96-5) o. Aluminum, Total (7429-90-5) g. Nitrogen, Total Organic (as N) I. Phosphorus (as P), Total (7723-14-0) n. Surfactants k. Sulfate (as SO₄) (14808-79-8) m. Sulfite (as SO₃) (14265-45-3) x. Titanlum, Total (7440-32-6) s. Iron, Total (7439-89-6) w. Tin, Total (7440-31-5) p. Barlum, Total (7440-39-3) r. Cobalt, Total (7440-48-4) q. Boron, Total (7440-42-8) (3) Radium, Total (4) Radium 226, Total (1) Alpha, Total h. Oll and Grease I. Sulfide (2) Beta, Total

EPA I.D. NUMBER (copy from Item 1 of Form 1) OUTFALL NUMBER

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 3 OF FORM 2-C

Approval expires 7-31-88 OMB No. 2040-0086

b. NO. OF 2-a for all such GC/MS fractions that apply to your industry and for ALL toxic metals, cyanides, and total phenols. If you are not required to mark column 2-a (secondary industries, nonprocess wastewater outfalls, and nonrequired GC/MS fractions), mark "X" in column 2-b for each pollutant you who or have reason to believe is absent. If you mark column 2 for any pollutant, you must provide the results of at least one analysis for that pollutant. If you mark column 2b for any pollutant, you must provide the results of at least one analysis for that pollutant if you was reason to believe it will be discharged in concentrations of 10 ppb or greater. If you mark column 2b for acrolein, acrylonitrile, 2,4 dinitrophenol, you must provide the results of at least one analysis for each of these pollutants which you know or have reason to believe that you discharge in concentrations of 100 ppb or greater. Otherwise, for pollutants for which you mark column 2b, you must either submit at least one analysis or briefly describe the reasons the pollutant is expected to be discharged. Note that there are 7 pages to this part; please review each carefully. Complete one table (all 7 pages) for each outfall. See instructions for additional details and requirements. PART C - If you are a primary industry and this outfall contains process wastewater, refer to Table 2c-2 in the instructions to determine which of the GC/MS fractions you must test for. Mark "X" in column 5. INTAKE (optional) (z) MASS AVERAGE VALUE (1) CONCENT b. MASS 4. UNITS a. CONCEN-B. MAXIMUM 39 DAY VALUE G.LONG, TERM AVRG. VALUE d. NO. OF (1) CONCENTRATION B. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE (2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION METALS, CYANIDE, AND TOTAL PHENOLS ATEST- D. BE- C. BE- ING LIEVEDLIEVED QUIR- SENT SENT 2. MARK 'X' POLLUTANT 2M. Arsenic, Total (7440-38-2) 8M. Mercury, Total (7439-97-6) 1M. Antimony, Total (7440-36-0) 3M. Beryllium, Total, 7440-41-7) 4M. Cadmium, Total (7440-43-9) 5M. Chromium, Total (7440-47-3) 9M. Nickel, Total (7440-02-0) 10M. Selenium, Total (7782-49-2) 11M. Silver, Total (7440-22-4) 12M. Thallium, Total (7440-28-0) AND CAS NUMBER 13M. Zinc, Total (7440-66-6) (if available) 14M. Cyanide, Total (57-12-5) 6M. Copper, Total (7440-50-8) 15M. Phenols, 7M. Lead, Total (7439-92-1) DIOXIN

EPA Form 3510-2C (Rev. 2-85)

2,3,7,8-Tetra-chlorodibenzo-P. Dioxin (1764-01-6)

DESCRIBE RESULTS

CONTINUE ON REVERSE

D. NO. OF ANAL-CONTINUE ON PAGE V-5 5. INTAKE (optional) (2) MASS AVERAGE VALUE
(1) CONCEN- (2) MASS b, MASS 4. UNITS a CONCENTRATION d NO.OF ANAL-(1) CONCENTRATION PAGE V-4 (1) CONCENTRATION (if available) REST SENT SENT CONCENTRATION GC/MS FRACTION — VOLATILE COMPOUNDS CONTINUED FROM THE FRONT EPA Form 3510-2C (Rev. 2-85) 1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER 7V. Chlorobenzene (108-90-7) 21V. Methyl Chloride (74-87-3) 19V. Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) 14V. 1,1-Dichloro-ethane (75-34-3) 15V. 1,2-Dichloro-ethane (107-06-2) 16V. 1,1-Dichloro-ethylene (75-35-4) 17V. 1,2-Dichloro-propane (78-87-5) 20V, Methyl Bromide (74-83-9) 13V. Dichloro-difluoromethane (75-71-8) 9V. Chloroethane (75-00-3) 2V. Acrylonitrile (107-13-1) 10V. 2-Chloro-ethylvinyl Ether (110-75-8) 11V. Chloroform (67-66-3) 4V. Bis (Chloro-methyl) Ether (542-88-1) 18V. 1,3-Dichloro-propylene (542-75-6) 8V. Chlorodi-bromomethane (124-48-1) (if available) 5V. Bromoform (75-25-2) 12V. Dichloro-bromomethane (75-27-4) 6V. Carbon Tetrachloride (56-23-5) 1V. Acrolein (107-02-8) 3V. Benzene (71-43-2)

EPA 1.D. NUMBER (copy from Item I of Form 1) OU FFALL NUMBER

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b. NO. OF ANAL-YSES 5. INTAKE (optional) AVERAGE VALUE

(1) CONCENTRATION

(2) MASS b. MASS 4. UNITS a. CONCEN-TRATION d. NO. OF ANAL-YSES b. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE C.LONG TERM AVEG. VALUE (2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION 3. EFFLUENT (2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION ATEST DO BE CORE OF MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE - VOLATILE COMPOUNDS (continued) (1) CONCENTRATION GC/MS FRACTION - ACID COMPOUNDS 2. MARK 'X' 1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER 23V. 1,1,2,2-Tetra-chloroethane (79-34-5) GC/MS FRACTION 24V. Tetrachloro-ethylene (127-18-4) 1A, 2-Chlorophenol (95-57-8) 22V, Methylene Chloride (75-09-2) 29V. Trichloro-ethylene (79-01-6) 26V. 1,2-Trans-Dichloroethylene (156-60-5) 31V. Vinyl Chloride (75-01-4) 2A. 2,4-Dichloro-phenol (120-83-2) 3A. 2,4-Dimethyl-phenol (105-67-9) 4A. 4,6-Dinitro-O. Cresol (534-52-1) 6A. 2-Nitrophenol (88-75-5) 7A. 4-Nitrophenol (100-02-7) 27V. 1,1,1-Tri-chloroethane (71-55-6) 28V. 1,1,2-Tri-chloroethane (79-00-5) 30V. Trichloro-fluoromethane (75-69-4) **5A**. 2,4-Dinitro-phenol (51-28-5) (if available) 9A. Pentachloro-phenol (87-86-5) 8A. P-Chloro-M-Cresol (59-50-7) 11A. 2,4,6-Tri-chlorophenol (88-06-2) 25V. Toluene (108-88-3) 10A. Phenoi (108-95-2)

CONTINUED FROM PAGE V-4

b. NO. OF ANAL-YSES CONTINUE ON PAGE V-7 5. INTAKE (optional) (2) MASS AVERAGE VALUE
(1) CONCEN- (2) MASS b. MASS 4. UNITS 8. CONCENd NO.OF 3. EFFLUENT

3. EFFLUENT

1. EFFLUENT

3. EFFLUENT

1. It available, VALUE

1. It available, VALUE (1) CONCENTRATION PAGE V-6 CONCENTRATION GC/MS FRACTION - BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS CONTINUED FROM THE FRONT 1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER 10B. Bis (2-Chloro-ethoxy) Methane (111-91-1) 11B. Bis (2-Chloro-ethy) Ether (111-44-4) 2B. Acenaphtylene (208-96-8) 17B. 4-Chloro-phenyl Phenyl Ether (7005-72-3) 19B. Dibenzo (a,h) Anthracene (53-70-3) 21B. 1,3-Dichloro-benzene (541-73-1) 1B. Acenaphthene (83-32-9) 13B. Bis (2-Ethyl-hexyl) Phthalate (117-81-7) 128. Bis (2-Chloroiso-propyl) Ether (102-60-1) 15B. Butyl Benzyl Phthalate (85-68-7) 20B. 1,2-Dichloro-benzene (95-50-1) 14B. 4-Bromo-phenyl Phenyl Ether (101-55-3) 6B. Benzo (a) Pyrene (50-32-8) 8B. Benzo (ghi) Perylene (191-24-2) 7B. 3,4-Benzo-fluoranthene (205-99-2) 16B. 2-Chloro-naphthalene (91-58-7) (if available) 3B. Anthracene (120-12-7) 18B. Chrysene (218-01-9) 58. Benzo (a) Anthracene (56-55-3) 9B. Benzo (k) Fluoranthene (207-08-9) 48. Benzidine (92-87-5)

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CONTINUED FROM PAGE V-6

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B NO.OF ANAL 5. INTAKE (optional) AVERAGE VALUE
(1) CONCENT (2) MASS b. MASS 4. UNITS a. CONCEN-TRATION d NO.OF b. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE C.LONG TERM AVEG. VALUE (2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION 3. EFFLUENT (2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION ATEST D. BE. C. BE. B. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE - BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS (continued) 2. MARK 'X' 23B. 3,3-Dichloro-benzidine (91-94-1) 24B. Diethyl Phthalare (846-2) 25B. Dimethyl Phthalare (131-11-3) 298. Di-N-Octyl Phthalate (117.840) 30B. 1,2-Diphenyl hydrazine (0s.420-benzene) (122-66-7) 1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER GC/MS FRACTION 27B. 2,4-Dinitro-toluene (121-14-2) 31B. Fluoranthene (206-44-0) 33B. Hexachlorobenzene (118-74-1) 28B. 2,6-Dinitro-toluene (606-20-2) 41B. N-Nitro-sodimethylamine (62-75-9) 34B. Hexa-chlorobutadiene (87-68-3) 35B. Hexachloro-cyclopentadiene (77-47-4) 37B. Indeno (1,2,3-cd) Pyrene (193-39-5) 40B. Ntrobenzene (98-95-3) 42B. N-Nitrosodi-N-Propylamine (621-64-7) 22B. 1,4-Dichloro-benzene (106-46-7) 39B. Naphthalene (91-20-3) 36B. Hexachloro-ethane (67-72-1) 26B, Di-N-Butyl Phthalate (84-74-2) 38B. Isophorone (78-59-1) (if available) 32B. Fluorene (86-73-7)

b. NO. OF ANAL-YSES CONTINUE ON PAGE V-9 5. INTAKE (optional) AVERAGE VALUE

(1) CONCEN.

(2) MASS b. MASS 4. UNITS a, CONCENTRATION d. NO. OF ANALb. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE C.LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE (z) MASS 3. EFFLUENT (2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION A TEST D. BE. C. BE. B. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE OUTS SENT SENT CONCENTRATION (2) MASS

BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS (continued) 2. MARK 'X' 46B. 1,2,4 - Trichlorobenzene
(120.82-1)
GC/MS FRACTION – PESTICIDES CONTINUED FROM THE FRONT 1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER GC/MS FRACTION **44**B. Phenanthrene (85-01-8) 11P. α -Endosuifan (115-29-7) 43B. N-Nitro-sodiphenylamine (86-30-6) 12P. β-Endosulfan (115-29-7) 13P. Endosulfan Sulfate (1031-07-8) 16P. Heptachlor (76-44-8) 6P. Chlordane (57-74-9) 8P. 4,4'-DDE (72-55-9) 9P. 4,4'-DDD (72-54-8) 10P. Dieldrin (60-57-1) 7P. 4,4'-DDT (50-29-3) 45B. Pyrene (129-00-0) 15P. Endrin Aldehyde (7421-93-4) 14P. Endrin (72-20-8) 1P. Aldrin (309-00-2) 2P. a-BHC (319-84-6) 3P. β-BHC (319-85-7) 4P. γ-BHC (58-89-9) 5P. δ-8HC (319-86-8)

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b. NO. OF 5. INTAKE (optional) AVERAGE VALUE
(1) CONCEN- (2) MASS b. MASS 4. UNITS a. CONCENTRATION d. NO. OF ANAL-3. EFFLUENT

b. MAXIMUM 30 DAY VALUE c.LONG TERM AVRG. VALUE (if available) (2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION (2) MASS (1) CONCENTRATION NUMBER | Arest | D. BE. | C. BE. | A. MAXIMUM DAILY VALUE | I. | Arest 2. MARK X CONTINUED FROM PAGE V-8 1. POLLUTANT AND CAS NUMBER (if available) 17P, Heptachlor Epoxide (1024-57-3) 25P. Toxaphene (8001-35-2) 22P. PCB-1248 (12672-29-6) 24P, PCB-1016 (12674-11-2) 18P. PCB-1242 (53469-21-9) 19P. PCB-1254 (11097-69-1) 23P. PCB-1260 (11096-82-5) 20P. PCB-1221 (11104-28-2) 21P. PCB-1232 (11141-16-5)

PAGE V-9