

RECEIVED SEP 0 5 2023 MINERALS & MINING PROGRAM

30 August 2023

Roberta Hudson Engineering Manger I South Dakota Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources Minerals and Mining Program Joe Foss Building 523 East Capitol Avenue Pierre, South Dakota, 57501

RE: DTRC LLC Maitland IV Exploration Notice of Intent

Dear Mrs. Hudson:

Dakota Gold Corp. herein submits on behalf of DTRC LLC this Exploration Notice of Intent (EXNI) for Maitland IV Exploratory Drill Program. The program comprises drilling and coring from exploration drill pads constructed exclusively on private land within Lawrence County.

Included in this EXNI are the following:

- Notice of Intent to Conduct Mineral Exploration Operation Application Form,
- A plan of reclamation pursuant to Section 8,
- A topographic map pursuant to Section 9,
- A fee of \$250 pursuant to Section 17 in check form, and
- Landowner Ownership documentation (Confidential).

Dakota Gold Corp. is committed to working with DANR and meeting or exceeding all statutes and regulations.

Thank you for your time as it pertains to this matter. Should you have any question or comments, please contact Timm Comer at (719) 203-0567 or tcomer@dakotagoldcorp.com

Regards,

1 Juli -

Gerald M Aberle Chief Operating Officer

Attachment: Enclosures: Complete EXNI Application Package Check No. 2254 for \$250

+1778 655 9638

info@dakotagoldcorp.com

Lead Office

106 Glendale Drive, Suite A, Lead, South Dakota, 57754, USA Vancouver Office

1588 609 Granville Street Vancouver, British Columbia V7Y 1G5, Canada

Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources Minerals and Mining Program 523 East Capitol Avenue Pierre, South Dakota 57501-3182 605 773-4201; Fax: 605 773-5286

Operator's name:

DTRC LLC

Mailing Address:

106 Glendale Drive, Suite A Lead, South Dakota 57754

Resident agent (if out-of-state corporation):

Gerald M. Aberle

Resident agent address:

106 Glendale Drive, Suite A Lead, South Dakota 57754

Legal description of area to be explored by Section, Township, and Range:

Portions of Section 18 Township 5 North, Range 3 East Black Hills Meridian

County:

Lawrence

Give a brief description of the type of exploration to be conducted. Include a list of all minerals to be explored and a description of methods (e.g. drill rig type, number of holes to be drilled, number of drill pads to be constructed, proposed depth for each test hole, length of existing access roads and/or new access road construction).

DTRC LLC will explore for potential hardrock gold deposits within the proposed project area. It is anticipated that exploration test hole drilling will be completed using skid-mounted core and/or truck-mounted reverse circulation drilling methods/drill rigs. The project would include up to 13 exploration test hole drill pad sites (drill pads) with drill pad location on previously disturbed lands that include current reclaimed lands, existing roads and/or trails and new disturbed lands for new drill trials in the area. Three (3) of the proposed pads may only be constructed after review of test drilling results from the other drill pads warrants the construction and use. There are approximately 2,100 feet of new drill trail development proposed as part of this project on previously undisturbed and previously reclaimed lands. Additionally, access activities will occur on approximately 1,800 feet of drill trail development on previously disturbed lands in the project area. Additional access trails (approximately 800'), existing trails (approximately 1,800 feet) and new drill trails (approximately 2,100 feet) within the project areas would be utilized for access to the proposed drill pads in the project area for an approximate disturbance of 1.6 acres. Exploration test hole drilling from these 13 pads will be drilled both azimuth and vertical and up to a depth of approximate 6,000 feet in vertical depth, with the possibility of multiple (up to 20) exploration test holes drilled from each drill pad. The drill pads that are constructed may measure approximately 200 ft x 200 ft (approximately 0.92 acres) each.

Date exploration will commence:

Immediately following approval of this EXNI.

What legal authority does the operator have to conduct exploration on the above-described land? Include a copy if available,

🗱 Deed ____ Lease ____ US Forest Service Permit____ Pending US Forest Service Permit 🌋 Other

Will the operator conduct uranium exploration? _____ Yes ____ No If yes, a permit pursuant to SDCL 45-6D must be obtained.

NOTICE OF INTENT TO CONDUCT MINERAL EXPLORATION OPERATION (Excluding Uranium)

Pursuant to SDCL 45-6C

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SEP 15 2023

Telephone:

MINERALS & MINING PROGRAM

605.717.2640

Telephone:

605.717.2640

INSTRUCTIONS:

Please reference SDCL 45-6C. This Notice of Intent must be accompanied by:

- 1. A plan of reclamation pursuant to Section 8.
- 2. A topographic map pursuant to Section 9.
- 3. A fee of \$250 payable to the Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources pursuant to Section 17.
- 4. A surety in an amount to be determined by the department pursuant to Section 19.
- 5. Any written landowner consultations giving alternative preferences for the reclamation of the affected land pursuant to Section 16.

Applicant affirms that the surface owner has been notified of the proposed mineral development and that said surface owner is aware of his rights to compensation for damages to property pursuant to SDCL 45-5A. Applicant hereby affirms that the mineral exploration will be conducted pursuant and subject to the provisions of SDCL 45-6C, and all regulations promulgated thereunder, that he will grant access to the SD Board of Minerals and Environment or its agents to the area under notice from the date of the notice and thereafter to assure compliance with the provisions of SDCL 45-6C.

I declare and affirm under the penalties of perjury that this claim (petition, application, information) has been examined by me, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, is in all things true and correct.

Dualo Munh	August 29, 2023
Signature Chief Operating Officer Title:	
STATE OF South Dakota	
COUNTY OF Lawrence	
On this 29 day of August	, 20 23 . before me personally appeared
	wledged himself to be the
for DTRC LLC	(Title) _ and that he is authorized to execute the Notice of Intent for the
(Operator) purposes contained therein. <u>Madd Weee</u> Notary Public	November 18, 2027 My Commission Expires:
SEAL RONALD EVERETT NOTARY PUBLIC - SEAL SOUTH DAKOTA	
FOR DEPA	RTMENT USE ONLY
DATE APPROVED: BOND AMOUNT: EXNI NUMBE	R: Chairman, SD Board of Minerals & Environment

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

BEFORE THE SECRETARY OF

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

IN THE MATTER OF T APPLICATION OF	НЕ)
DTRC LLC) CERTIFICATION OF
STATE OF Sou	th Dakota) APPLICANT
COUNTY OF	awrence)
I, Gerald M. A	berle , the app	blicant in the above matter after being duly

sworn upon oath hereby certify the following information in regard to this application:

I have read and understand South Dakota Codified Law Section 1-41-20 which provides:

"The secretary may reject an application for any permit filed pursuant to Titles 34A or 45, including any application by any concentrated swine feeding operation for authorization to operate under a general permit, upon making a specific finding that:

(1) The applicant is unsuited or unqualified to perform the obligations of a permit holder based upon a finding that the applicant, any officer, director, partner, or resident general manager of the facility for which application has been made:

(a) Has intentionally misrepresented a material fact in applying for a permit;

(b) Has been convicted of a felony or other crime involving moral turpitude;

(c) Has habitually and intentionally violated environmental laws of any state or the

United States which have caused significant and material environmental damage;

(d) Has had any permit revoked under the environmental laws of any state or the United States; or

(e) Has otherwise demonstrated through clear and convincing evidence of previous actions that the applicant lacks the necessary good character and competency to reliably carry out the obligations imposed by law upon the permit holder; or

(2) The application substantially duplicates an application by the same applicant denied within the past five years which denial has not been reversed by a court of competent jurisdiction. Nothing in this subdivision may be construed to prohibit an applicant from submitting a new application for a permit previously denied, if the new application represents a good faith attempt by the applicant to correct the deficiencies that served as the basis for the denial in the original application.

All applications filed pursuant to Titles 34A and 45 shall include a certification, sworn to under oath and signed by the applicant, that he is not disqualified by reason of this section from obtaining a permit. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, that certification shall constitute a prima facie showing of the suitability and qualification of the applicant. If at any point in the application review, recommendation or hearing process, the secretary finds the applicant has intentionally made any material misrepresentation of fact in regard to this certification, consideration of the application may be suspended and the application may be rejected as provided for under this section.

Applications rejected pursuant to this section constitute final agency action upon that application and may be appealed to circuit court as provided for under chapter 1-26."

I certify pursuant to 1-41-20, that as an applicant, officer, director, partner, or resident general manager of the activity or facility for which the application has been made that I; a) have not intentionally misrepresented a material fact in applying for a permit; b) have not been convicted of a felony or other crime of moral turpitude; c) have not habitually and intentionally violated environmental laws of any state or the United States which have caused significant and material environmental damage; (d) have not had any permit revoked under the environmental laws of any state or the United States which have caused significant and material environmental damage; (d) have not otherwise demonstrated through clear and convincing evidence of previous actions that I lack the necessary good character and competency to reliably carry out the obligations imposed by law upon me. I also certify that this application does not substantially duplicate an application by the same applicant denied within the past five years which denial has not been reversed by a court of competent jurisdiction. Further;

"I declare and affirm under the penalties of perjury that this claim (petition, application, information) has been examined by me, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, is in all things true and correct."

Dated this day of August, 2023	
Gerald M. Aberle	
Applicant (print) Malo Mala Applicant (signature)	
Subscribed and sworn before me thi: 29 day of August	, 20 3
Porald Treat	
Notary Public (signature)	
My commission expires:18 November 2027	
RONALD EVERETT NOTARY PUBLIC - SEAL SOUTH DAKOTA (SEAL)	

PLEASE ATTACH ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION NECESSARY TO DISCLOSE ALL FACTS AND DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO SDCL 1-41-20 (1) (a) THROUGH (e). ALL VIOLATIONS MUST BE DISCLOSED, BUT WILL NOT AUTOMATICALLY RESULT IN THE REJECTION OF AN APPLICATION Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources Minerals and Mining Program 523 East Capitol Avenue Pierre, South Dakota 57501-3182 605 773-4201; Fax: 605 773-5286 EXPLORATION RECLAMATION PLAN

Pursuant to SDCL 45-6C-8 and 45-6D-9

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In preparing this reclamation plan, please address each item in detail, referencing SDCL 45-6C-8 and 45-6D-9. Please refer to the reclamation standards outlined in SDCL 45-6C-27 through 45-6C-34, SDCL 45-6D-33 through 45-6D-39, and the state's hole plugging regulations as detailed in ARSD 74:11.

1. Describe the type of reclamation the operator proposes to achieve in the reclamation of the affected land.

DTRC LLC and its exploration drilling contractors strive to minimize the potential surface impacts of the exploratory drilling program. The exploration drilling operations would include removal of existing growth media (topsoil) when feasible, then stockpiling, reshaping, and interim reseeding of the topsoil, which would then be utilized for future reclamation activities at the project site. Topsoil stockpiles would be clearly located and appropriately marked as such. Best Management Practices (BMPs) for potential sedimentation and erosion control would be implemented at the project site for areas of new disturbance. These BMP (e.g. ditches, sumps, berms, wattles, straw bales or silt fences) at potential affected area pursuant to SDCL 45-6C-32. Exploration drill pad sumps would be located on the uphill side of the exploration drill pad site when feasible and constructed with a liner system suitable to retain liquids from the exploration drilling activities. Multiple drill pad sumps may be located on each drill pad to ensure proper containment of water test hole drilling activities. Each sump will incorporate wildlife protection measures for small mammals in the area. Areas where exploration drilling pads (up to 13 [approximately 12 acres]) and/or access and exploration drill trails (up to 4,700 feet [approximately 2 acres]) are constructed would be reclaimed following completion of exploration drilling activities. Reclamation activities for exploration drill trails would occur with disturbed area of the exploration drill pads, which would be recontoured and regraded as necessary, the exploration drill pad sump liner system would be folded in place and then the entire sump area backfilled with native materials to the area. The entire exploration drill pad area, including sump areas would be reclaimed. Reclamation activities would include recontouring, regraded, placement of topsoil and seeding with reclamation seed mixture. For areas where exploration trials and/or exploration drill pad construction are necessary, the newly disturbed affected area of the exploration access trial would be regraded to approximate original contours where feasible using native materials to the area. Once these regrading activities are completed, the area of the exploration access trials would be reclaimed. Reclamation of one site would be conducted concurrent while exploration drilling activities continue at another site, when feasible and pending weather conditions. The post-mining land use for the exploration project area would be woodland grazing, which would be accomplished by reclaiming to an open canopy area within the forested surroundings.

2. Provide a proposed timetable for seeding and replanting indicating when and how the reclamation plan will be implemented. Such timetable shall be developed in consultation with the County District Conservationist as to the nature of the soils and native vegetation in the area of the proposed operation. These recommendations shall be followed, if any are provided, and copies of all correspondence shall be provided to the Department.

Reclamation seeding will take place after recontouring and regrading of disturbed areas is completed. Seedings would be done on a clean, semi-smooth, weed free seedbed with effective seeding methods. DTRC LLC would control potential noxious weeds on newly disturbed areas impacted by exploration drilling activities throughout operations of the project and for 1-year post-reclamation. Weeds would be clipped and/or sprayed by licensed applicator before potential noxious weed species compete against the seeding for moisture and light. All reclamation processes, seed mixtures, seasonal constraints and timing and guidance will be based on South Dakota NRCS Conservation Practice Standard (CPS) Critical Area Planting Code 342 as suggested by the Lawrence County Conservation District and the local NRCS requirements and recommendations, per 45-6C-16; Consultation with surface owner--Preferences for reclamation and travel restrictions, as well as with the conservation district and NRCS offices. Fertilizer would be applied as necessary. Reseeding of the reclaimed sites would be conducted if the initial reclamation is not successful. The seed mixture or reseeding exploration drill pad sites and exploration and access trails consists of local native species and was developed based on recommendations following consultation by the local Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) office. Consultation with NRCS was completed on 02 August 2023 for this project. A revised recommended reclamation seed mixtures presented to DTRC LLC for this new Exploration Notice of Intents (EXNIs) was recommended for this projects site based on that consultation. A copy of that recommended revised reclamation seed mixture by NRCS for only this application is attached to this EXNI.

3. Describe how the reclamation plan will rehabilitate the affected land.

The goal of the reclamation plan is to rehabilitate and restore the newly affected lands to woodland grazing habitat. Planting of grasses would control erosion and protect the topsoil. Numerous forb and shrub species are expected to volunteer on the reclaimed areas because ground disturbance associated with exploration activities would be limited as compared to surrounding areas of vegetation. A grass, forb, shrub, and subshrub community is expected to develop as reclamation matures, which would support woodland grazing and provide an edge effect to support the wildlife in the area

4. Describe the anticipated temporary and permanent plugging and capping procedures to be used. Please refer to SDCL 45-6C-28 through 45-6C-30, SDCL 45-6D-33 through 45-6D-35, and the state's hole plugging regulations as detailed in ARSD 74:11.

At a minimum DTRC LLC commits to following all South Dakota laws and statues concerning hole plugging and abandonment and alternatively would execute a full cement grout where needed, such as any instance where aguifer cross contamination is feasible. All exploration drill holes would be plugged in accordance with ARSD 74:11:08 and SDCL 45-6C-28 through 45-6C-30. Additionally, DTRC LLC would utilized, if required, the General Alternate Plugging Plan that was submitted on 11 August 2022 to DANR and approved by DANR on 05 October 2022 for all DTRC LLC EXNI permits. DTRC LLCC would again request application of that alternative plugging plan for this application. The drill holes may penetrate the Deadwood Formation and the Precambrian, which are water-bearing units or aguifers in the Black Hills. If an aquifer is penetrated, the exploration drill holes will be plugged from bottom to top using bentonite grout, which complies with the requirements of ARSD 74:11:08:05 and ARSD 74:11:08:05:01 (i.e. requirements for plugging exploration drill holes that penetrate single unconfined aquifers and confined or multiple aguifers). In the event that a confined aguifer is penetrated, the weight of the bentonite grout column would be sufficient to overcome formation pressure, or the hole would be plugged using cement grout. Records regarding aquifers encountered during drilling and plugging methods used would be retained for each exploration hole and those records would be provided to the South Dakota Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources (DANR) upon request. All exploration drill holes will be plugged immediately upon completion while the drill rig is still on the exploration drill pad. In the event that a drill hole needs to remain open for more than 30 days, DTRC LLC will apply for an alternate plugging schedule to temporarily keep the hole open.

5. Provide the estimated cost of implementing and completing the proposed reclamation, and, the estimated cost of plugging and sealing each test hole.

Reclamation of each drill pad is estimated to cost approximately \$1,000. Reclamation of exploration access roads and trails is expected to cost approximately \$5,000 per linear mile. Plugging and sealing drill holes is estimated to cost \$1,000 per hole. DTRC LLC has a statewide surety bond of \$20,000 in place with the State of South Dakota in lieu of drill program specific surety bonds (SDCL 45-6C-19).

I declare and affirm under the penalties of perjury that this claim (petition, application, information) has been examined by me, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, is in all things true and correct.

Signature

August 29, 2023 Date:

Chief Operating Officer Title:

2021 EXNI NOI.doc

Timm Comer

From:	Timm Comer SEP 0.5 2023
Sent:	Friday, July 28, 2023 8:36 AM MINERALS & MINING PROGRAM
To:	Mitch Fadikhei (MitCo)
Cc:	Karl Jensen Lawrence County CD; Tuschen, Victor - NRCS, Belle Fourche, SD; Yvette.Kirkman Butte County Conservation District; Crystal Hocking (Respect)
Subject:	Consultation with local Conservation District for Reclamation Plan - Maitland IV
Attachments:	Maitland_IV_EXNI_TopoProjectPublic_2023July26.pdf; USDS_All Ecological Sites_DTLC LLC_EXNI Maitland IV Application.pdf; Proposed Reclamation Seed Mix.pdf

Mitch,

Dakota Gold Corp. ("DGC") is preparing for submittal an Exploration Notices of Internet ("EXNI") Application with the South Dakota Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources ("DANR") for DTRC LLC. DGC would request consultation on a recommended seed mixture to be utilized under the reclamation plan that will be submit as part of the EXNI application for DTRC LLC, per SDCL 45-6C-8(2).

Enclosed with the email are the following for use for your review to assist in your consultation on a recommended seed mixture.

The following is a description of what is included with this email:

- Maitland IV_EXNI_TopoProjectPublic_ 2012July20.pdf: Proposed project site (highlighted in tan) in the Maitland area of Lawrence County Titled "Maitland IV Drill Program".
- USDA_AII_Ecological Sites_DTRC LLC_EXNI Maitland IV Application.pdf: All Ecological Sites report that was created from the NRCS website on the project area.
- Proposed Reclamation Seed Mix.pdf: Previously recommended seed mixture being utilized on eight (8) current EXNI Permits, including EXNI 439, EXNI 442 and EXNI 443 at Maitland area, currently held by DTRC LLC.

DGC would prefer to also utilizes the currently recommended seed mixture for this EXNI, and would request you concurrence if appropriate. The recommended seed mixture for existing DTCR LLC EXNI 439, EXNI 442 and EXNI 443 approved by DANR are in the same area as this proposed project area. However, should you recommend an alternative seed mixture, DGC would implement that recommended seed mixture as part of the submitted reclamation plan to the DANR as part of the EXNI Application.

Thank you for your time as it pertains to this matter and your assistance. Should you need any further information, please contact me.

Regards, Timm

Timm Comer ENVIRONMENTAL DIRECTOR tcomer@dakotagoldcorp.com 0 +1 605 717 2541 C +1 719 203 0567



				342- Stabilize area erosion by wind or	s with existing or expected high water	rates of soil
Resource Concern (CPPE	Impact)			Purpose:		
CI or Referral No.	1	Contract #	and the same			<u></u>
Program	СТА	Practice No.	342	Practice Name:	Critical Area Seeding	
Producer	Dakota Gold C	orp-Maitland IV	Conservation District:	MINER/ Lawrence	ALS & MINING PROGRAM	MLRA 62
			SEEDING PLAN	4 5	SEP 0 5 2023	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AG	RVATION SERVICE		Instructions		RECEIVED	SD-CPA PL

		PLANNED	
Tract		NA	Seedbed Preparation
Field		NA	
Acres Group or Site		18.60	Clean, smooth, weed free seedbed will be prepared
		Critical Area Group	
Site	Web Soil Survey	Loamy or Silty Texture	Have the past 3 years of Herbicide Carryover been considered?
Date to be Planted	TechNote4	Early Spring Prior to 5/15	
Alternative planting da	ates		Protection Provided
Alternative planting da	ates		
Seeding Equipment		Special Grass Drill	Clip weeds before they compete for moisture and light
Companion Crop			compared before they compete for moisture and light

Species * **	1/ Select Improved Variety (<u>recommended</u>) or select common seed (see note below)	Percent in Mixture	Pure Live Seeds (PLS) per square foot 40.35	Pure Live Seed (PLS) lbs/ac Needed	Acres to Seed	Pure Live Seed (PLS) Ibs Required
Western wheatgrass		26.0	9.75	3.79	18.60	70.53
Big bluestem		20.0	9.00	2.23	18.60	41.43
Sideoats grama		5.0	2.25	0.54	18.60	10.13
Slender wheatgrass		20.0	7.50	2.11	18.60	39.20
Green needlegrass		10.0	4.50	1.09	18.60	20.26
Little bluestem		2.0	0.90	0.14	18.60	2.55
Western yarrow		1.0	0.38	0.01	18.60	0.11
Purple prairie clover		1.0	0.38	0.06	18.60	1.05
/irginia wildrye		8.0	3.60	1.63	18.60	30.38
Canada wildrye		7.0	2.10	0.80	18.60	14.80

To meet SD NRCS Standards Please Note: 1/ Improved varieties recommended above have no restrictions on their origin.

Origin of Common grass seed must be ND, SD, NE, MT, WY, MN, or IA. Exception: Smooth Bromegrass any locale.
 Common Native forbs and legumes will originate or be grown in

Seed testing SD state seed-lab

(USA): ND, SD, NE, MT, IA, WY, ID, WA, OR, MN, WI, and (CAN): AB, BC, MB, ON, SK.

- Seed test must be completed according to SD Seed laws (see link below) and no more than 9 months prior to the date planted.

- All legumes must be pre-inoculated . Producer will provide all seed tags to NRCS

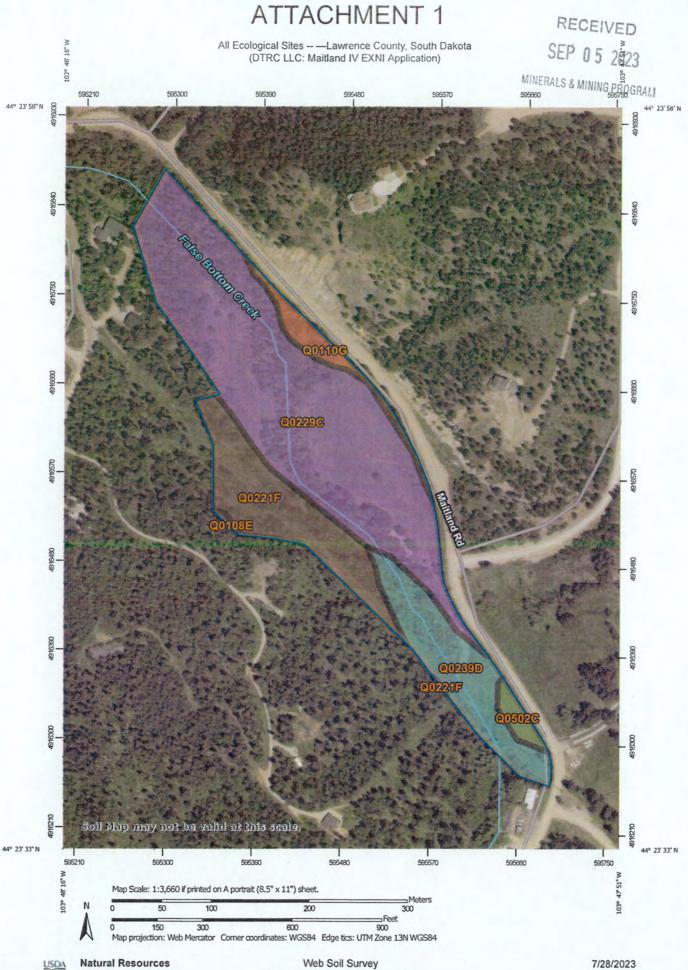
- Tetrazolium (TZ) tests may be used as a substitute for germination tests ONLY for Green Needlegrass

- For Alfalfa Salinity tolerence use F or G from the web site link ---> Alfalfa Variety Ratings

 Pubescent wheatgrass and Intermediate wheatgrass are the same species and can be substituted for one another at any time.
 Thickspike wheatgrass may be substituted for western wheatgrass if the later is not available but only west of the Missouri River. To calculate the amount needed multiply the western wheatgrass seeding rate by .72

SD Seed Laws	Codified	Laws S	tatute	38-12	A

LOCATION MAP	Tract	Planning Assistance By:	Mitch Fa	aulkner 8/1	/2023		
	N		Name			Dat	te)
	\$ s	Plan Meets SD Standards (if	no explain)	Yes	1	No	
	т						
	R						



National Cooperative Soil Survey

Conservation Service

7/28/2023 Page 1 of 5 All Ecological Sites -- —Lawrence County, South Dakota (DTRC LLC: Maitland IV EXNI Application) RECEIVED SEP 0 5 2023

MINERALS & MINING PROGRAM

MAP LEGEND Transportation Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI) Rails **** Soils Interstate Highways Soil Rating Polygons **US Routes** F062XY051SD Major Roads F062XY052SD Local Roads F062XY053SD Background R062XA010SD Aerial Photography R062XA020SD Not rated or not available Soil Rating Lines F062XY051SD 4.5 F062XY052SD 4.4 F062XY053SD 4.5 R062XA010SD 4.4 R062XA020SD Not rated or not available 4 . Soil Rating Points F062XY051SD F062XY052SD F062XY053SD R062XA010SD R062XA020SD Not rated or not available Water Features Streams and Canals

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Lawrence County, South Dakota Survey Area Data: Version 25, Sep 8, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 16, 2022—Aug 8, 2022

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



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All Ecological Sites -- -- Lawrence County, South Dakota

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DTRC LLC: Maitland IV EXNI Application

All Ecological Sites —

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Component name (percent)	Ecological site	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Q0108E	Grizzly-Mineshaft complex, 10 to 40 percent slopes	Grizzly (50%)	F062XY052SD — Mod. Steep to Steep Low Mountain Slopes	0.0	0.2%
		Mineshaft (30%)	F062XY052SD — Mod. Steep to Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
		Mineshaft, shallow (5%)	F062XY052SD — Mod. Steep to Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
		Pactola (5%)	F062XY052SD — Mod. Steep to Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
		Rock outcrop, igneous (5%)	R062XY999SD — Non-site		
		Virkula (5%)	F062XY052SD — Mod. Steep to Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
Q0110G	Grizzły-Rock outcrop complex, 40 to 80 percent slopes	Grizzly, sandy surface (55%)	F062XY051SD — Very Steep Low Mountain Slopes	0.8	4.1%
		Rock outcrop, igneous (25%)	R062XY999SD — Non-site		
		Mineshaft, shallow (5%)	F062XY051SD — Very Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
		Mineshaft (5%)	F062XY051SD — Very Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
		Rubbleland, igneous (5%)	R062XY999SD — Non-site		
		Pactola (4%)	F062XY051SD — Very Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
		Virkula (1%)	F062XY051SD — Very Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
Q0221F	Pactola-Buska channery silt loams, 20 to 60 percent slopes	Pactola (40%)	F062XY052SD — Mod. Steep to Steep Low Mountain Slopes	3.2	17.1%



All Ecological Sites -- -- Lawrence County, South Dakota

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Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Component name (percent)	Ecological site	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
		Buska (35%)	F062XY052SD — Mod. Steep to Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
		Hisega (6%)	F062XY052SD — Mod. Steep to Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
		Rock outcrop, schist (6%)	R062XY999SD — Non-site		
		Cordeston (5%)	R062XY043SD — Valley Loam		
		Heely (4%)	R062XA032SD — Channery Loam - North		
		Virkula (4%)	F062XY052SD — Mod. Steep to Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
Q0229C	Rapidcreek very gravelly loam, noncalcareous, 1 to 9 percent slopes, rarely flooded	Rapidcreek, nonacid, rarely flooded (70%)	R062XA020SD — Loamy Overflow - North	11.4	61.5%
		Rapidcreek, nonacid, occasionally flooded (20%)	R062XA020SD — Loamy Overflow - North		
		Rapidcreek, nonacid, wet (5%)	R062XY003SD — Subirrigated		
		Cordeston, rarely flooded (3%)	R062XY043SD — Valley Loam		
		Riverwash (2%)	R062XY999SD — Non-site		
Q0239D	Virkula-Pactola complex, 2 to 15 percent slopes	Virkula (50%)	F062XY053SD — Low Mountain Terrace and Benches	2.8	15.1%
		Pactola (30%)	F062XY054SD — Mod. Steep to Steep High Mountain Slopes		
		Cordeston (5%)	R062XY043SD — Valley Loam		
		Heely (5%)	R062XA032SD — Channery Loam - North		
		Mocmont, moist (5%)	F062XY052SD — Mod. Steep to Steep Low Mountain Slopes		
		Rock outcrop, schist (5%)	R062XY999SD — Non-site		

USDA

All Ecological Sites -- -- Lawrence County, South Dakota

RECEIVED

SEP 0 5 2023

DTRC LLC: Maitland IV EXNI Application

MINERALS & MINING PROGRAM

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Component name (percent)	Ecological site	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Q0502C Bullflat, moist- Cordeston silt Ioams, 2 to 9 percent slopes	Cordeston silt	Bullflat (50%)	R062XA010SD — Loamy - North	0.4	2.0%
		Cordeston (25%)	R062XY043SD — Valley Loam		
		Cordeston, rarely flooded (10%)	R062XY043SD — Valley Loam		
		Gurney, moist (5%)	R062XA010SD — Loamy - North		
		Hilger, moist (5%) R062XY029S Stony Hills	R062XY029SD — Stony Hills		
		Marshbrook (5%)	R062XY003SD — Subirrigated		
Totals for Area of Ir	nterest			18.6	100.0%

ATTACHMENT 2 SEP 0 5 2023

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

	RVATION SEE	RVICE	Instructions		MINERALS.	& MINING PR	SD-CF
					initial initia	a minina i n	ounnai
			SEEDING PLAN	e.			
Producer	DTRC LI	10					MLRA
-	DIRCL		Conservation District:	Lawrence			62
rogram -	CTA	Practice No.	342	Practice Name:	Critical Area	Seeding	
ar Referral No.		Contract #					
esource Concern (CPPE Impa	act)			Purpose:			
				342- Stabilize areas erosion by wind or	s with existing or water	expected high	rates of soil
ract		1 NA	PLANNED				
ieki		NA NA			Seedbed Pre	paration	
cres		NA 1 00					
roup or Sile		1.00					
14-		Critical Area	Group	Clean, smoo	oth, weed free seedbed will be prepare		
	at Seil Stories	Loamy or Silty Texture					
ale to be Planted T	echNote4	Early Spring Prior to 5/	15				
Alternative planting dates					Protection Pr	ovided	
reding Equipment		0					
ompanion Crop		Special Gra	The second day is a second day of the second day	Clip weeds be	fore they compe	ete for moistur	re and light
		None					
			PLANNED				
Species • •		1/ Select Improved Variety primanded) or select common seed (see note bolow)	Percent in Mixture	Pure Live Seeds (PLS) per square foot	Pure Live Seed (PLS) Ibs/ac Needed	Acres to Seed	Pure Live Seed (PLS) Ibs Required
estern wheatgrass	1		105	41.48			
g bluestem			55.0	20.53	8.02	1.00	5.02
deoats grama			15.0	6.75	1.67	1.00	1.67
ender wheelgrass			5.0	2.25	0.54	1.00	0.54
reen needlegrass			20.0	7.50	2.11	1.00	2.11
tie bluestern			5.0	2.25	0.54	1,00	0.54
the second			3.0	1.35	0.21	1.00	0.21
estern yarrow			1.0	0.36	0.01	1.00	0.01
inple prairie clover			1.0	0.38	0.06	1.00	0.05
	1						
meet SD MRCS	1/ impro	oved varieties recommende	ed above have no re	strictions on their or	igin.		
undards Please Note:	1/ Origin	n of Common grass seed r	must be ND, SD, NE.	MT. WY. MN. or M	A. Exception: Smooth	Bromeorass any	ocale.
4	1/ Com	mon Native forbs and legu	mes will originate or i	be grown in			
	(US	A): ND, SD, NE, MT, IA, V	NY. ID. WA. OR. MN	I. WI. and (CAN)	AB, 8C. MB. OF	V. SK.	
- Seed test must be co	mpleted ac	cording to SD Seed laws (see link below) and	no more than 9 mo	onths prior to the	date olanted	
- All legumes must be p	re-inoculate	ed . Producer will provide	e all seed tags to NR	CS	anima inorilan		
 Tetrazolium (TZ) tests 	s may be us	sed as a substitute for gen	mination tests ONLY	for Green Needloor	ass	10	
- For Alfalfa Salinity tole	erence use	F or G from the web site	link>	falle Variety Ratings	000		
		ermediate wheatgrass are					
" Thicksoike wheato	rece may h	e substituted for western y	whasterace if the late	to can be substitute	d for one anothe	r at any time.	
Thickspike wheatg	ass may o	e socialities for restering	missignass in the late	r is not available ou	it only west of the	Missouri River	
To calculate the SD Seed Laws Cod	amount ne	eded multiply the western	wheatgrass seeding	rate by .72	it only west of the	Missouri River	

LOCATION MAP	Tn	Planning Assistance By:	Mitc	Mitch Faulkner			11/1/2021	
	N		Name			Da	and the second division of the second divisio	
	S	Plan Meets SD Standards (i	(no explain)	Yes	•	NO	D	
	т							
	R.							

Page 1 of 1

Timm Comer

MINERALS & MINING PROGRAM

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject:

Wednesday, August 2, 2023 7:04 AM Faulkner, Mitch - FPAC-NRCS, SD kfjensensd@gmail.com; Kirkman, Yvette - FPAC-NRCS, SD; Crystal Hocking; Syversen, Maggie - FPAC-NRCS, SD RE: [External]RE: [External Email]Consultation with local Conservation District for Reclamation Plan - Maitland IV

Mitch,

Thank you! Your recommended reclamation seed mixture will be included in the EXNI application.

I appreciate your assistance and recommendation.

Timm Comer

Regards, Timm

From: Faulkner, Mitch - FPAC-NRCS, SD <mitch.faulkner@usda.gov>

Sent: Tuesday, August 1, 2023 1:52 PM

To: Timm Comer <tcomer@dakotagoldcorp.com>

Cc: kfjensensd@gmail.com; Kirkman, Yvette - FPAC-NRCS, SD <Yvette.Kirkman@sd.nacdnet.net>; Crystal Hocking <crystal.hocking@respec.com>; Syversen, Maggie - FPAC-NRCS, SD <Maggie.Syversen@usda.gov> Subject: [External]RE: [External Email]Consultation with local Conservation District for Reclamation Plan - Maitland IV

Caution: This is an external email. Please take care when clicking links or opening attachments.

Hello Timm, .

Find attached a seeding plan for the Maitland IV project. It also contains our varietal recommendations and the NRCS critical area seeding guide. The seeding reflects the changes we talked about this morning due to the amount of lowland site types in this particular project. This seeding is specific to the area described in the attached map and soils report, which I made for 18.6 acres.

Let me know if you have any questions,

Mitch

Mitch Faulkner Area Rangeland Management Specialist **USDA-NRCS** Belle Fourche, SD Cell: (605) 519-1446

From: Timm Comer <<u>tcomer@dakotagoldcorp.com</u>> Sent: Friday, July 28, 2023 8:36 AM To: Faulkner, Mitch - FPAC-NRCS, SD <<u>mitch.faulkner@usda.gov</u>> Cc: kfjensensd@gmail.com; Tuschen, Victor - FPAC-NRCS, ME <<u>victor.tuschen@usda.gov</u>>; Kirkman, Yvette - FPAC-NRCS, SD <<u>Yvette.Kirkman@sd.nacdnet.net</u>>; Crystal Hocking <<u>crystal.hocking@respec.com</u>> Subject: [External Email]Consultation with local Conservation District for Reclamation Plan - Maitland IV

[External Email]

If this message comes from an unexpected sender or references a vague/unexpected topic;

Use caution before clicking links or opening attachments. Please send any concerns or suspicious messages to: <u>Spam.Abuse@usda.gov</u>

Mitch,

Dakota Gold Corp. ("DGC") is preparing for submittal an Exploration Notices of Internet ("EXNI") Application with the South Dakota Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources ("DANR") for DTRC LLC. DGC would request consultation on a recommended seed mixture to be utilized under the reclamation plan that will be submit as part of the EXNI application for DTRC LLC, per SDCL 45-6C-8(2).

Enclosed with the email are the following for use for your review to assist in your consultation on a recommended seed mixture.

The following is a description of what is included with this email:

- Maitland IV_EXNI_TopoProjectPublic_ 2012July20.pdf: Proposed project site (highlighted in tan) in the Maitland area of Lawrence County Titled "Maitland IV Drill Program".
- USDA_All_Ecological Sites_DTRC LLC_EXNI Maitland IV Application.pdf: All Ecological Sites report that was created from the NRCS website on the project area.
- Proposed Reclamation Seed Mix.pdf: Previously recommended seed mixture being utilized on eight (8) current EXNI Permits, including EXNI 439, EXNI 442 and EXNI 443 at Maitland area, currently held by DTRC LLC.

DGC would prefer to also utilizes the currently recommended seed mixture for this EXNI, and would request you concurrence if appropriate. The recommended seed mixture for existing DTCR LLC EXNI 439, EXNI 442 and EXNI 443 approved by DANR are in the same area as this proposed project area. However, should you recommend an alternative seed mixture, DGC would implement that recommended seed mixture as part of the submitted reclamation plan to the DANR as part of the EXNI Application.

Thank you for your time as it pertains to this matter and your assistance. Should you need any further information, please contact me.

Regards, Timm

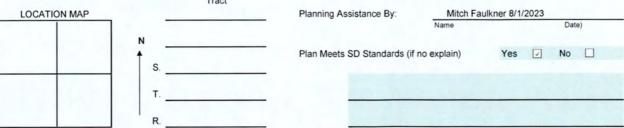
Timm Comer

ENVIRONMENTAL DIRECTOR tcomer@dakotagoldcorp.com 0 +1 605 717 2541 C +1 719 203 0567



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	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUL	TURE EVATION SER	VICE			RE	CEIVED	SD-CPA-4 PLA
Diskuta Gold Corp-Mailland IV Conservation Diskrit Lawrence MIMERALS & MINING PROGRAM Col chogram CTA Practice No. 342 Practice Name Critical Area Seeding 21 or Referral No. Contract #				Instructions		SED	0 5 200	0
Producer Dakota Gold Corp.Matitiand IV Conservation District Lawrence 62 Program CTA Practice No 342 Practice Name Critical Area Seeding International Contract #				SEEDING PLAN	ı			
Torgam CIA Prace R0 -942 Prace Name 21 or Referral No. Contract #	Producer	Dakota C	Gold Corp-Maitland IV	Conservation District:	Lawrence	MINERALS &	MINING PROC	GRAM 62
2 or Referral No. Contract # Purpose Secure Concern (CPPE Impact) Purpose Secure Concern (CPPE Impact)	leagram	СТА	Practice No.	342	Practice Name:	Critical Area	Seeding	
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342- Stabilize anass with existing or expected high rates of soil action by wind or water act PLANNED Advantage Adva	I or Referral No.		Contract #	Line in the				
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Bate Web Mail Sarce Loamy or Silly Texture Have the past 3 years of Herbicide Carryover been considered? Value to be Planted TechNoteat Early Spring Prior to 5/15 Protection Provided Atternative planting dates Special Grass Drill Clip weeds before they compete for moisture and light Seeding Equipment Special Grass Drill Clip weeds before they compete for moisture and light Species * ** 1/ Select Improved Variety (tasommended) or select common seed (see note below) Pure Live Seeds (PLS) (PLS) Bulac (PLS) Bu				-	Clean, smoot	h, weed free se	edbed will be	prepared
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The seeding plan was developed from recommendations based on the NRCS So and South Dakota Field Office Technical C		- Lan
Critical Area Group	Loamy or Silty Texture	-5
This seeding is planned in Major Land Resource Area (MLRA)	62	
Varieties/Cultivars that are approved		12
for South Dakota Include:		-
Common Name		



Western wheatgrass			
Arriba	Barton	Common	Findock
Recovery	Roden	Rosana	Walsh
Big bluestem			
Bison	Bonanza	Bonila	Bounty
Central Iowa Gemplesm	Champ	Common	Northern Iowa Germplasm
Paulies	Routive	Sunnyview	
Sideoats grama			
Butte	Central Iowa Gemplasm	Common	Küldeer
Northern Iowa Germplasm	Pare	Southern Iowa Gerrylasm	Trailway
Siender wheatgrass AC Pintal Ecovar (Bearded)	AC Sprig Ecovar (Bearded)	Manas	AEC Hillorest
Common	Eber	FirstStrike	Primar
Prysr	Revenue		
Green needlegrass			
AC Malard Ecovar	Common	Lodorm	
Little bluestem			
Badands Ecolype	Blaze	Camper	Central lows Germplasm
Common	fasca	Northern Iswa Germplasm	Southern lows Germolasm
Western yarrow			
Common			
Purple prairie clover Bismarck	Common	Kaneb	
Virginia wildrye		the second second	
Common	Omaha	Taber Germplasm	
Canada wildrye Common	Mandan		

Guidance for Critical Area Planting (342)

The following is an excerpt from RANGE TECHNICAL NOTE NO. 4 PERENNIAL VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT GUIDE. SD/Range Tech Note 4.pdf

14. GUIDANCE FOR CRITICAL AREA PLANTING (342)

Seeding of a critical area may take place at any time of the year as long as a reasonable expectation of a successful seeding establishment is expected.

Site Preparation:

Follow guidance for seedbed preparation (Section 2 above) and the additional following criteria.

If necessary, divert offsite water away from the critical area. This may require a permanent conservation practice, or in other instances, a temporary measure that will be effective during the period of establishment.

Where practical, grade to permit the use of conventional equipment for seedbed preparation, seeding, mulch application, and anchoring. Cabling of equipment to prevent rollover may be necessary on some slopes such as newly constructed dams.

On construction sites where the exposed and underlying soil material will not support adequate vegetation, minimum topsoil dressing of six inches will be applied as part of construction.

After construction is complete, the seedbed will be worked to a depth of three to five inches to break up compacted areas and permit rapid root development. Drag or pack to break up large clods and firm the seedbed.

Where slopes are steeper than 1.5:1, use some means other than vegetation to stabilize slopes.

Species Selection:

Allowable species will be selected from Table 7 for the appropriate MLRA.

Between 50 to 75% of the mixture will be made up of sod forming species. Grass mixtures may include all native species, all introduced species, or a mixture of native and introduced species. Mixing smooth bromegrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and/or crested wheatgrass with native species is not recommended.

When smooth brome is to be seeded in a mixture, do not include more than 10% of other native or introduced species for early establishment.

Single species may be used on saline or wet areas (Table 7).

Do not select aggressive species such as smooth bromegrass when the adjacent area is dominated by native species.

When quick growth and/or protection of a critical area is needed, a quick establishing grass can be added in addition to the selected permanent seeding mixture. Use either slender wheatgrass or annual ryegrass. Slender wheatgrass can be used statewide and annual rye grass can be used in MLRAs 102A, 102B, 102C, 53B, 53C, 55B, 55C, 63B, 66, and 62. Add a maximum of three PLS lbs./ac of slender wheatgrass or a maximum of two PLS lbs./ac of annual ryegrass to the selected full seeding.

Conventional Seeding:

Seeding activities will follow recommendations found elsewhere in this technical note unless otherwise stated in this section. Seeding rates will be 1.5 times those recommended in Table 2 when using a drill (recommended rate multiplied by 1.5).

When possible, drilling will be accomplished perpendicular to the slope. On grassed waterways, drilling will follow a serpentine pattern.

Broadcasting:

Many critical area plantings are too steep or too small to efficiently and safely utilize a drill. In these cases, seed may be broadcast and incorporated by harrowing, packing, or raking by hand. When broadcast seeding, increase the seeding rates found in Table 2 by two times (recommended rate multiplied by two).

Hydroseeding:

On sites that are too steep for regular equipment to operate, the use of a hydro seeder is an acceptable alternative. Seed, fertilizer, and mulch materials will be applied in one operation. Limit the application of 150 lbs. of solids per 100 gallons of water. If a legume seed is included in the mixture, any lime or fertilizer should be applied separately. A second trip may also be needed to apply an asphalt emulsion to long fiber mulches. When using hydroseeding technique, increase seeding rates found in Table 2 by a factor of two (recommended rate multiplied by two).

Sodding:

Sod may be used on areas requiring immediate cover to prevent erosion. The sod should be in strips or blocks of native grass mixture, switchgrass, prairie cordgrass, reed canary grass, or other suitable grasses. Bluegrass sod is to be used only when the areas is irrigated and is desired for aesthetic purposes. Sod materials are to be taken from solid, thick growing stands.

Sod will be cut in strips of uniform width and to a uniform thickness of at least three inches for tall grass and ½ to 1½ inches for short grasses. Lay sod within 24 hours after it was cut.

Sod strips should be carefully placed in rows across (at right angles) to the direction of slope. The sod strips will be placed together tightly so that no open joints are left between the strips or between the end of strips. Joints between the end strips will be staggered. Any spaces between the joints will be filled with topsoil and all edges covered with topsoil at least two inches deep. The edge of the sod at the top of slopes will be turned under and a layer of soil compacted over the edge so as to conduct surface water over and onto the top of the sod. The sod will be well tramped to help it remain in place.

Fertilizing:

Do not fertilize predominantly warm-season grass seeding unless the soil material is very infertile.

Thoroughly mix all fertilizer into the upper three to five inches of the soil during final seedbed preparation.

Apply fertilizer based on the recommendations from a soil test or apply 30 to 40 lbs. of actual Nitrogen (N) and 40 to 60 lbs. of Phosphorus pentoxide (P_2O_5) per ac. Ten to 15 tons of manure per ac may be used in lieu of the commercial fertilizer and will also increase organic matter.

On medium textured soils, the addition of 5 to 10 lbs. of zinc per ac may speed up growth.

Mulching:

All mulching will be done in accordance with the SD CPS for Mulching (484). Mulching of critical area plantings is required for any of the following conditions:

Where seeding cannot be accomplished during the approved seeding periods and a cover crop is not used;

On grassed waterways, where a cover crop or companion crop is not used, and seeding is placed on a bare seedbed, and the design velocity is more than 2.5 ft per second;

Where a grassed waterway is established at the time of terrace construction, and the channel slope is 2% or greater;

On slopes 3:1 or steeper that are 10 ft or more in vertical height or longer than 20 ft; on cut south and west facing slopes; On all saline and alkaline areas.

Drill grass in the prepared seedbed, immediately prior to mulching or at the next suitable seeding period after mulching.

Management of Critical Areas During and After Establishment:

Weeds will be controlled as described elsewhere in this technical note. All use will be excluded until vegetation is well established.

Mow grassed waterways for hay annually after establishment. Other critical areas may be mowed as needed for stand maintenance.

Fertilize as necessary to maintain stand.

Inspect critical areas each spring and following heavy rain. Reshape and reseed eroded areas promptly. Reinforce grass seeding where stands are thin.

Manage any grazing use to ensure long-term survival of the stand.

Lift tillage implements and shut off sprayers when crossing critical areas. Do not till parallel to grassed waterways.

Avoid vehicular travel on critical areas.

Providing Food, Cover, and Shelter for Wildlife:

Wildlife habitat should be considered when developing critical area planting plans and species selection. For plant species to improve wildlife habitat, refer to the SD CPS Upland Wildlife Habitat Management (645).