# SD Department of Environment & Natural Resources Water Resources Assistance Program Total Maximum Daily Load

# Lake Faulkton Watershed, Faulk County South Dakota February, 1999

These TMDLs were developed in accordance with Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act and guidance developed by the US Environmental Protection Agency. The 1998 303(d) Waterbody List identified Lake Faulkton as impaired by a measure of accumulated sediment and Trophic State Index (TSI) which serves as an indicator of the trophic condition of the lake. TMDLs for accumulated sediment and total phosphorus have been developed and are supported below.

| Waterbody Name                  | Lake Faulkton                                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC)      | 10160008                                                 |
| TMDL Pollutant                  | Total phosphorus                                         |
| Water Quality Target            | Inlake phosphorus TSI of 90                              |
| TMDL Goal                       | 35% reduction in total phosphorus input                  |
| 303(d) Listing Status           | 1998 303(d) Waterbody List, Priority 1, Pages 22, 29, 33 |
| <b>Targeted Beneficial Uses</b> | Warmwater semipermanent fish life propagation;           |
|                                 | immersion recreation; limited contact recreation         |
| <b>Reference Document</b>       | Lake Assessment Project, Lake Faulkton, Faulk County,    |
|                                 | South Dakota (SDDENR, 1996)                              |

### TMDL Summary for Total Phosphorus

### TMDL Summary for Accumulated Sediment

| Waterbody Name                  | Lake Faulkton                                           |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC)      | 10160008                                                |
| TMDL Pollutant                  | Accumulated Sediment                                    |
| Water Quality Target            | Remove 150,000 cubic yards of sediment                  |
| TMDL Goal                       | Increase depth by 6 feet over 15.5 surface acres        |
| 303(d) Listing Status           | 1998 303(d) Waterbody List, Priority 1, Pages 22, 29,33 |
| <b>Targeted Beneficial Uses</b> | Warmwater semipermanent fish life propagation;          |
|                                 | immersion recreation; limited contact recreation        |
| <b>Reference Document</b>       | Lake Assessment Project, Lake Faulkton, Faulk County,   |
|                                 | South Dakota (SDDENR, 1996)                             |

### I. Executive Summary:

### • Waterbody Description and Impairments

Lake Faulkton is a 115-acre reservoir on the South Fork of Snake Creek. The lake is located in Faulk County, South Dakota, which is in the north central part of the state. The community of Faulkton, South Dakota is located two miles east of Lake Faulkton.

The watershed area for Lake Faulkton is approximately 161,320 acres. The watershed area to lake area ratio is 1,403 to 1.

The Lake Faulkton Assessment Project was initiated in 1993 at the request of local citizens concerned about the deteriorating condition of the lake. The main concerns included encroachment of cattails and other aquatic plants, sporadic fish kills because of low oxygen conditions, and overall reduced recreational opportunities at the lake.

The purpose of the project was to assess the lake's general status, to determine factors that were inhibiting the lake's uses, and to develop specific alternatives for restoration of the lake.

The data collection phase of the study included gathering information on tributary and inlake water quality, an evaluation of the lakeshore, an aquatic plant survey, a sediment survey, and analysis of the lake watershed by use of the Agricultural Non-Point Source (AGNPS) computer runoff model. Analysis of the water quality samples was conducted by the State Health Laboratory in Pierre, South Dakota.

After the data was collected, it was submitted to the DENR Watershed Protection Program for evaluation. Outputs of the data evaluation included an assessment of the trophic status of the lake, computation of sediment and nutrient loadings to the lake, and identification of critical areas in the watershed.

The results of the Lake Faulkton Assessment Project indicated that significant loadings of sediment and nutrients are retained in the lake. A sediment survey of the lake determined that the total sediment volume is approximately 277,793 cubic yards. Measurements of the sediment depth varied from one foot in near-shore areas, to nearly seven feet in deeper water areas. Sources of the sediment include watershed runoff and shoreline erosion. The in-lake monitoring resulted in a mean trophic state index of 76.0, which classified the lake as hypereutrophic. Low inlake oxygen levels were observed, and a partial winterkill of fish occurred during the winter of 1993 – 1994. Extensive aquatic plant growth in the lake limits swimming, boating and fishing recreation.

### • Stakeholder Description

Faulk Conservation District Lake Faulkton Association Farm Service Agency, Faulk County NRCS, Pierre SD Department of Environment and Natural Resources SD Department of Game, Fish & Parks

The Faulk Conservation District was the local sponsor of the Lake Faulkton Assessment Project. Lake Faulkton was listed as a priority of the Section 319 Nonpoint Source Pollution Control Program for South Dakota. Funds for the project were obtained from a Section 604(b) grant and a Section 319 Development grant administered by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and provided to the State of South Dakota.

The local match needed for the project was provided by the Faulk Conservation District and through in-kind services of local businesses and volunteers.

Following completion of the Lake Faulkton Assessment Project, a Lake Faulkton Restoration Project Committee was established. The Restoration Project Committee has provided information to the public about the results of the assessment project, and has generated support in the Faulkton community to pursue the implementation of a Lake Faulkton Restoration Project.

### • Intent to Submit as a Clean Water Act Section 303(d) TMDL

In accordance with Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act, the South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources submits for EPA Region VIII review and approval the total phosphorus and accumulated sediment total maximum daily loads (TMDLs) for Lake Faulkton as provided in this summary and attached document. These TMDLs have been established at a level necessary to meet the applicable water quality standards for nutrients and sediment with consideration of seasonality and a margin of safety. The following designated use classifications will be protected through implementation of this TMDL: immersion recreation, limited contact recreation and warmwater semi-permanent fish life propagation.

### **II.** Problem Characterization:

### • Waterbody Description/Maps

Lake Faulkton is located on the South Fork of Snake Creek. Snake Creek is a tributary of the James River, which lies in the Missouri River Basin. A map of the Lake Faulkton watershed is attached as Figure 1. The maximum depth of the lake is 24 feet, and the average depth is 9.3 feet.

Lake Faulkton was formed by the construction of an earthen dam across the South Fork of Snake Creek. Construction of the dam began in 1932 as a County Work Project, and was completed in 1935, financed by the Works Progress Administration (WPA). From 1935 to 1936 the WPA constructed a concrete spillway using mainly horsepower and manpower. The stated purposes and objectives of the project were water conservation, recreation, and flood control.

A major maintenance project was undertaken in the summer of 1994. The South Dakota Department of Game, Fish and Parks contracted to have the spillway basin enlarged and then protected with a layer of field boulders. The sides of the gorge downstream of the spillway were re-contoured with heavy earth-moving equipment. The spillway face

was repaired by filling and caulking cracks. Approximately \$160,000 was spent to lengthen the life of the Lake Faulkton dam.

#### • Waters Covered by TMDL

Lake Faulkton is the benefactor of this TMDL.

#### • Rationale for Geographic Coverage

The main tributary to Lake Faulkton is the South Fork of Snake Creek. The watershed area for Lake Faulkton lies primarily in Faulk County, with parts of the watershed also extending into Potter, Hyde, and Hand Counties. The total watershed is approximately 161,320 acres in size.

#### • Pollutants of Concern

Total Phosphorus Accumulated Sediment

#### • Use Impairments or Threats

The mean Trophic State Index (TSI) values for Lake Faulkton during the assessment period were 96.5 (hypereutrophic) for phosphorus, 58.3 (eutrophic) for Secchi disk measurements, and 73.2 (hypereutrophic) for chlorophyll *a*. These values resulted in a mean TSI of 76.0 for the study period, which places Lake Faulkton in an over-all hypereutrophic classification.

The average in-lake total phosphorus during the assessment was 0.612 mg/L. Algae requires only 0.02 mg/L of dissolved phosphorus to start growing, so Lake Faulkton averages over 30 times the minimal requirements for algal growth. In spite of this overabundance of phosphorus, algal blooms are not the primary water quality problem in Lake Faulkton at this time. Rather, extensive growth of submerged and emergent aquatic plants is the major factor that interferes with recreational use of the lake. It is believed that macrophytes in the lake absorb most of their phosphorus from the water column, and may be out-competing the algal species for bioavailable phosphorus. Vegetative die-off and organic decay increases the potential for depleted oxygen levels

to occur, especially during the winter months. This leads to the impairment of the warmwater fishery within the lake by excessive fish kills.

The water quality monitoring during the assessment demonstrated that Lake Faulkton acts as a sink for nitrogen and phosphorus. Nitrogen is generally not a limiting nutrient for some blue-green algae because they are capable of producing the nitrogen they need if it is not readily available in the environment. Algae and other plants, however, are not capable of generating the phosphorus nutrients they require. If phosphorus can be limited, there may be an opportunity to limit algae and aquatic plant growth. With Lake Faulkton acting as a phosphorus sink—more phosphorus coming in than going out—there is presently little opportunity to limit algae and aquatic plant growth. Any

attempt at limiting algae and aquatic plant growth will require a reduction in available sources of phosphorus, including tributary inflow phosphorus as well as internal phosphorus loading from the lake sediment.

Implementation of best management practices at the lake and in the watershed will lead to reductions in phosphorus levels. Reductions in phosphorus levels will in turn lead to a decline in the growth of algae and aquatic plants resulting in less organic decay leading to decline in the incidence of fish kills. These reductions will improve the recreational opportunities at the lake such as fishing, swimming, boating, and skiing, in addition to fish life propagation.

Accumulated sediment affects the beneficial uses of immersion recreation and limited contact recreation. The warmwater semipermanent fish life propagation beneficial use is not impacted by accumulated sediment in Lake Faulkton due to the maximum depth of 24 feet and the mean depth of 9.3 feet.

Loss of depth due to accumulated sediment exposes more bottom sediment to sunlight. This enhances the population of aquatic macrophytes. The over abundance of these macrophytes impair recreational use of the lake.

### • Probable Sources

An analysis of the lake watershed was conducted by use of the Agricultural Non-Point Source (AGNPS) computer runoff model. The AGNPS model subdivided the entire watershed into 40-acre cells, and predicted critical runoff cells based upon 21 data inputs per cell. The model indicated that due to the size of the watershed, the volume of nutrients being delivered to Lake Faulkton is high. The model predicted 57.8 tons of nitrogen and 15.8 tons of phosphorus are delivered to the lake per year. Based upon this analysis, it was recommended that conservation practices should be targeted to erosion and nutrient control measures concentrated in critical cells. It was further stated in the report that the most probable source of high nutrient yields found within the watershed is from the management and land use practices associated with animal feeding areas.

A total of 36 animal feeding areas were evaluated as part of the AGNPS analysis. Feedlot rankings were derived from the AGNPS version 5.00 model. It was recommended that animal feeding areas with a ranking greater than 55 should be targeted for treatment. Based on these criteria, it appeared that 15 animal feeding areas were contributing excessive nutrients to the watershed. It was recommended that the 15 animal feeding areas should be considered for treatment due to their AGNPS ranking and proximity to major streams and the lake.

The 36 animal feeding areas in the lake watershed were analyzed to determine the amount of nutrients they contribute to the lake. Based on this analysis, the 15 priority

feeding areas were found to contribute a total of 2.6 tons of phosphorus to Lake Faulkton per year. As stated above, the AGNPS model also predicted that a total of 15.8 tons of phosphorus are contributed to the lake during per year. Consequently, by treating and removing the phosphorus runoff from the 15 priority feeding areas, a 16% reduction of phosphorus loading to the lake would be accomplished.

The AGNPS model further analyzed the subwatersheds of the lake watershed to determine critical areas for sediment and nutrient runoff. Based on this analysis five subwatersheds (#1308, #2004, #2069, #2215, and #1452) were found to be contributing above normal phosphorus yields. The total acreage of these six subwatersheds is 85,960 acres. The AGNPS model calculated that the annual phosphorus delivery rate to Lake Faulkton is 0.22 pounds/acre per year. By applying best management practices to the five priority subwatersheds, a 19% reduction in total phosphorus may be achieved. By combining the 2.6 tons of phosphorus removed from the 15 priority feeding areas with the 2.9 tons of phosphorus reduced from field runoff, a total of 5.5 tons of phosphorus would be eliminated from Lake Faulkton. The 5.5 ton reduction in phosphorus would be a 35% reduction of the 15.8 tons of phosphorus predicted to flow into Lake Faulkton annually.

Sources of accumulated sediment in Lake Faulkton appear to be historical only. The results of tributary inflow monitoring indicate minimal sediment loads. The measured load of sediment into the lake during 1994 was 152 tons. The accumulated sediment in the reservoir has been estimated to be 277,793 cubic yards. The sediment volume of Lake Faulkton was determined by a field sediment survey conducted during the Lake Faulkton lake assessment project.

### III. TMDL Endpoint:

### • Description

The TMDL goal was established based on the AGNPS model that predicted that a 35% reduction in phosphorus input from the watershed is possible by elimination of nutrients from the 15 priority animal feeding areas and by treating the five priority subwatersheds. Reducing inflow concentrations of phosphorus will result in a lower ambient total phosphorus concentration in Lake Faulkton. A lower phosphorus concentration in the lake will result in decreased biomass of macrophytes. This will improve average dissolved oxygen concentrations in the lake during the winter months. Therefore this will decrease the frequency of winterkill.

The accumulated sediment TMDL goal for Lake Faulkton is to increase the depth of the lake by six feet over 15.5 surface area acres. This will accomplished by the removal of 150,000 cubic yards of sediment. Removal of sediment will increase the depth and clarity of the lake, which will then improve the lake for fish life propagation and increase the recreational uses.

#### • Endpoint Link to Surface Water Quality Standards

#### Total Phosphorus

The TMDL target is to reduce total phosphorus TSI to <90. The current mean total phosphorus TSI is 99, according to data collected as part of the Statewide Lakes Assessment.

#### Accumulated Sediment

The TMDL target is to remove 150,000 cubic yards of sediment which will allow the TMDL goal to increase the depth of the lake by six feet over 15.5 surface acres to be met.

### *IV. TMDL Analysis and Development:*

#### • Data Sources

Data was collected by SD DENR, the Faulk Conservation District, and Faulk County NRCS from the fall of 1993 to the summer of 1995.

#### • Analysis Techniques or Models

Hydrologic and water quality data was obtained from six tributary monitoring station locations throughout the watershed as well as two inlake sites. Samples collected at each site were taken according to South Dakota's EPA approved Standard Operating Procedures for Field Samplers. Water samples were sent to the State Health Laboratory at Pierre for analysis. Quality Assurance/Quality Control samples were collected on 10% of the samples according to South Dakota's EPA approved Clean Lakes Quality Assurance/Quality Control Plan.

In addition to water quality monitoring, data was collected to complete the comprehensive AGNPS watershed land use model. The AGNPS model was developed by the United States Department of Agriculture (Young, et al., 1994) to provide comparative values for forty-acre cells in a watershed. The model prioritizes areas of the watershed for phosphorus reduction, and allows targeting the sources for load allocations.

#### • Seasonality

Different seasons of the year can yield differences in water quality due to changes in precipitation and agricultural practices. To determine seasonal differences, tributary samples were reviewed as spring samples (March 14 - May 2, 1994 and February 22 - April 3, 1995); and summer samples (July 7 – August 29, 1994). No fall samples were collected as the tributaries stopped flowing in the fall of 1994, which was the only fall season during the watershed assessment project.

The volume of runoff in the spring of 1994 was close to normal. However, the summer of 1994 was quite dry. By the end of August all of the streams had stopped flowing, and there was no more flow during the fall. By comparison, the spring of 1995 was very wet, resulting in a large number of samples being collected in a short time.

In the Lake Faulkton Assessment Project Report, the total loadings during 1994 were compared to the total loadings during the spring runoff of 1995. It was found that because of the high volume of runoff during the spring of 1995, total loadings during that short period were comparable to the total loadings for all of 1994. From those results, it was determined that the volume of loadings during a wet spring runoff are much higher than the loadings that occur over typical summer months, and can be much greater than what occur during even a normal spring runoff.

#### • Margin of Safety

To meet the TMDL goal of a 35% reduction in tributary phosphorus loadings the runoff from 15 priority animal feeding areas must be controlled and best management practices need to be installed on five priority subwatersheds.

Additional phosphorus reduction can be achieved by controlling the runoff from other animal feeding areas in the watershed. Another way that the additional reduction can be achieved is to target best management land practices to other areas in the watershed. Selective aquatic macrophyte harvesting is a technique that can be used to reduce the organic biomass in the lake resulting in increased phosphorus removal.

Another lake restoration practice recommended by the committee is dredging of Lake Faulkton. Although a dredging project would not help to reduce the inflow of sediment and nutrients from the watershed, it should ultimately help to reduce inlake nutrient levels by reducing the nutrients that leach from the lake sediment up into the water column.

Runoff from the public golf course located on the shore of Lake Faulkton contributes a significant load of highly available dissolved phosphorus to the lake during storm events. The 1995 study showed concentrations of dissolved phosphorus in golf course runoff ranged from a low of 0.490 mg/L to a maximum of 4.430 mg/L. Nutrient management practices could be developed for the course. Another option would be the construction of a runoff containment facility.

Post-implementation monitoring is recommended to observe if the implemented controls are indeed meeting the target. In addition to mid-course and post-implementation monitoring, Lake Faulkton will be routinely sampled every two to four years as part of the South Dakota Statewide Lakes Assessment Program. The combination of these various monitoring activities will indicate if the TMDL is achievable or if other controls will be needed.

### V. Allocation of TMDL Loads or Responsibilities:

• Waste Load Allocation

There are no point sources of pollutants of concern in this watershed. Therefore, the "wasteload allocation" component of these TMDLs is considered a zero value. The TMDLs are considered wholly included in the "load allocation" component.

#### • Load Allocation

The recommended target for improving the water quality of Lake Faulkton is to reduce total inlake phosphorus concentrations by 35%. This can be accomplished by reducing the average tributary phosphorus loading to the lake by 35%. According to the AGNPS model, controlling runoff from 15 priority animal feeding areas with AGNPS rankings greater than 55 will result in a 16% reduction in phosphorus. By treating the five priority subwatersheds, another 19% reduction of phosphorus will be achieved which will bring the total reduction of phosphorus to 35%. The control of runoff from any additional animal feeding area(s), the control of runoff from the golf course, or the treatment of additional critical cells in the watershed, should ensure that the goal of a 35% reduction of the phosphorus loading to Lake Faulkton will be achieved. It is recommended that these additional best management practices be implemented to minimize phosphorus loadings to the lake and surpass the TMDL goal.

### • Allocation of Responsibility

According to the water quality data and the AGNPS model, animal feeding areas are the most likely source of nutrients to Lake Faulkton. By use of the AGNPS model, monitoring, reduction response calculations, and best professional judgement, it is determined that the controls proposed below will achieve the TMDL goal of a 35% reduction in phosphorus loads to Lake Faulkton.

It is recommended that the 15 feeding areas with AGNPS ratings greater than 55 have animal waste systems constructed to eliminate nutrient and sediment runoff. Additional feeding areas should be evaluated for the implementation of runoff control systems.

Best Management Practices should be applied to the five priority subwatersheds as determined by the AGNPS model. Best Management Practices should also be applied to other priority areas in the watershed as recommended by the Lake Faulkton Restoration Project Committee.

A lake dredging project should be implemented to ensure accumulated sediment is removed.

### VI. Schedule of Implementation:

The DENR is working with the Lake Faulkton Restoration Project Committee and the Northeast Council of Governments, Aberdeen SD, to initiate an implementation project beginning in the spring of 2000. It is expected that a local sponsor will request project assistance during the fall 1999 EPA Section 319 funding round.

### VII. Post-Implementation Monitoring:

Once the implementation project is completed, post-implementation monitoring will be required to assure that the TMDL has been reached and improvements to the beneficial uses occur.

### **VIII.** Public Participation:

#### • Summary of Public Review

The water quality assessment project was initiated during the fall of 1993 with EPA Section 604(b) funds. The project was later supplemented with EPA Section 319 Development funds. Lake Faulkton was on the priority list of Section 319 Nonpoint Pollution Control projects. The Faulk Conservation District agreed to sponsor the project and provided local matching funds and in-kind services. The federal grant funds totaled \$17,706.00, and the local in-kind match totaled \$7,379.48. Funds were used for water quality analyses, equipment, supplies, travel, and wages for the local coordinator.

### • Project Information and Education Efforts

The following information summarizes efforts taken to gain public education, review, and comment during development of the TMDL. Public comments were received during an assessment project meeting, and at regular meetings of the Lake Faulkton Restoration Project Committee. The findings from these public meetings and comments have been taken into consideration in development of the Lake Faulkton TMDL.

| Public Meetings/Personal Contact | Articles/Fact Sheets | Document Distribution       |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Pre-Project Meetings             | Faulkton Record      | January, 1997               |
| 1992 & 1993                      | June 12, 1996        | Faulk Conservation District |
| Mid-Project Meeting              | July 2, 1997         | Faulkton Library            |
| April 6, 1995                    | July 9, 1997         | NRCS                        |
| Post-Project Meeting             | July 16, 1997        | SD DENR                     |
| July 10, 1997                    | July 23, 1997        | SD GFP                      |
| Faulk Conserv. Brd. Mtg.         | August 13, 1997      | USGS                        |
| June 10, 1997                    | February 25, 1998    |                             |
| Faulkton Town Council            | May 6, 1998          |                             |
| November 3, 1997                 | May 20, 1998         |                             |
| Faulk Co. Commissioners          |                      |                             |
| November 4, 1997                 |                      |                             |
| Faulkton Tuesday Club            |                      |                             |
| November 4, 1997                 |                      |                             |
| Oddfellows                       |                      |                             |
| November 4, 1997                 |                      |                             |
| Faulktoneers                     |                      |                             |
| November 4, 1997                 |                      |                             |

| Comptony Board                           |  |  |
|------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Cemetery Board                           |  |  |
| November 5, 1997                         |  |  |
| Lions Club                               |  |  |
| November 6, 1997                         |  |  |
| Firemen                                  |  |  |
| November 10, 1997                        |  |  |
| Star (Masons)                            |  |  |
| November 10, 1997                        |  |  |
| VFW & Auxiliary                          |  |  |
| November 12,1997                         |  |  |
| Arts Council                             |  |  |
| November 13, 1997                        |  |  |
| Rebekah Lodge                            |  |  |
| November 17, 1997                        |  |  |
| Hospital Auxiliary                       |  |  |
| November 20, 1997                        |  |  |
| Faulkton Businessmen                     |  |  |
| November 24, 1997                        |  |  |
| Farm & Home Show                         |  |  |
| February 27, 1998                        |  |  |
| Faulkton High School                     |  |  |
| March 10, 1998                           |  |  |
| March, 1999                              |  |  |
| NI 1007 I 1000                           |  |  |
| Nov., 1997-Jan., 1998:                   |  |  |
| Am. Legion & Auxiliary                   |  |  |
| Masons                                   |  |  |
| Golf Club<br>Knights of Columbus         |  |  |
| Knights of Columbus<br>Lake Cabin Owners |  |  |
|                                          |  |  |
| Tamworth Township                        |  |  |
| Irving Township                          |  |  |
| Saratoga Township                        |  |  |
| Lake Faulkton Comm. Mtg                  |  |  |
| January 19, 1998                         |  |  |
| February 23, 1998                        |  |  |
| April 27, 1998                           |  |  |
| June 22, 1998                            |  |  |
| July 20, 1998                            |  |  |
| August 10, 1998                          |  |  |
| September 21, 1998                       |  |  |
| November 16, 1998                        |  |  |
| November 30, 1998                        |  |  |
| 110Ve1110e1 30, 1990                     |  |  |

| December 8, 1998            |                    |                                 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| December 15, 1998           |                    |                                 |
| February 8, 1999            |                    |                                 |
| Electronic Media            | Mailings           | <b>Public Comments Received</b> |
| December 1998               | Interested parties | Comments received during        |
| Assessment Summary added to | March 10, 1999     | project meetings and            |
| department website          | Stakeholders       | review of the draft report      |
| February, 1999              | March 10, 1999     | and findings were               |
| TMDL Summary advertised on  | Daily Newspapers   | considered.                     |
| department website          | March 8, 1999      |                                 |

## IX. Supporting Development Document (attached):

Madison, K. R. and Fuerstenau, D., December, 1996. LAKE ASSESSMENT PROJECT, LAKE FAULKTON, FAULK COUNTY, SOUTH DAKOTA. Watershed Protection Program, Division of Financial and Technical Assistance, South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Pierre, South Dakota.

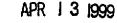


Ref:

Ref: 8EPR-EP

### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 8 999 18<sup>TH</sup> STREET - SUITE 500 DENVER, CO 80202-2466





Nettie Myers, Secretary Department of Environment and Natural Resources Joe Foss Building 523 East Capitol Pierre, South Dakota 57501-3181

> Re: TMDL Approvals Lake Bryon Elm Lake Lake Faulkton Lake Hendricks Lake Hiddenwood Lake Madison/Brant McCook Lake Ravine Lake Redfield Lake Swan Lake

Dear Ms. Myers:

We have completed our review of the total maximum daily loads (TMDLs) as submitted by your office for the subject waterbodies. In accordance with the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et. seq.), we approve all aspects of the TMDLs as developed for these water quality limited waterbodies as described in Section 303(d)(1). We acknowledge that these particular TMDLs for the various lakes are based primarily on a voluntary and incentive-based approach to implementation.

Based on our review, we feel the separate TMDL elements listed in the enclosed checklists adequately address the pollutants of concern, taking into consideration seasonal variation and a margin of safety.

For years, the State has sponsored an extensive clean lakes program. Through the lakes assessment and monitoring efforts associated with this program, priority waterbodies have been identified for clean up. It is reasonable that these same priority waters have been a focus of the Section 319 nonpoint source projects as well as one of the priorities under the State's Section 303(d) TMDL efforts.

In the course of developing TMDLs for impaired waters, EPA has recognized that not all impairments are linked to water chemistry alone. Rather, EPA recognizes that "Section 303(d) requires the States to identify all impaired waters regardless of whether the impairment is due to toxic pollutants, other chemical, heat, habitat, or other problems." (see 57 Fed. Reg.



33040 for July 24, 1992). Further, EPA states that "...in some situations water quality standards -- particularly designated uses and biocriteria -- can only be attained if nonchemical factors such as hydrology, channel morphology, and habitat are also addressed. EPA recognizes that it is appropriate to use the TMDL process to establish control measures for quantifiable non-chemical parameters that are preventing the attainment of water quality standards." (see Guidance for Water Quality-based Decisions: The TMDL Process; USEPA; EPA 440/4-91-001, April 1991; pg.4). We feel the State has developed TMDLs that are consistent with this guidance, taking a comprehensive view of the sources and causes of water quality impairment within each of the watersheds. For example, in several of the TMDLs, the State considered nonchemical factors such as lake depth and its relationship to the impaired uses. Further, we feel it is reasonable to use factors such as lake depth as surrogates to express the final endpoint of the TMDL.

Thank you for your submittal. If you have any questions concerning this approval, feel free to contact Bruce Zander of my staff at 303/312-6846.

Sincerely,

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Max H. Dodson Assistant Regional Administrator Office of Ecosystems Protection and Remediation

Enclosures

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### Enclosure

### APPROVED TMDLS

| Waterbody<br>Name* | TMDL<br>Parameter<br>1<br>Pollutant | Water Quality<br>Goal/Endpoint                                       | TMDL                                          | Section<br>303(d)1 or<br>(d)3<br>TMDL | Supporting Documentation                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Lake Bryon*        | phosphorus                          | TSI < 70                                                             | 50% reduction in phosphorus loads             | §303(d)(1)                            | Lake Assessment Project Report, (Lake Byron excerpt)<br>(SD DENR, August 1996)<br>Lake Assessment Project Report, Lake Byron, Beadle<br>County, SD (SD DENR, December 1992)<br>Section 319 Nonpoint Source Control Program |
|                    | sediment                            | Decrease annual inlake<br>sediment accumulation by<br>1200 tons/year | 50% reduction in sediment loads               | §303(d)(1)                            | Watershed Project Final Report,<br>Lake Byron Watershed Project<br>(Beadle CD, December 31, 1997)<br>Lake Byron Watershed Project Section 319 Project<br>Implementation Plan<br>(SD DENR, July 1993)                       |
| Elm Lake*          | phosphorus                          | N:TDP ratio > 7.5 averaged<br>over growing season                    | 60% reduction in phosphorus loads             | §303(d)(1)                            | Phase I Watershed Assessment Final Report, Elm Lake,<br>Brown Country, South Dakota<br>(SDDENR, September1998)                                                                                                             |
| Lake<br>Faulkton*  | phosphorus                          | TSI < 90                                                             | 35% reduction in phosphorus loads             | <b>§303(d)</b> (1)                    | Lake Assessment Project, Lake Faulkton, Faulk County,<br>South Dakota                                                                                                                                                      |
|                    | sediment                            | Increased average lake depth<br>by 6 feet over 15.5 acres            | Remove 150,000 cubic yards of lake sediment   | §303(d)(1)                            | (SD DENR, 1996)                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Lake<br>Hendricks* | phosphorus                          | TSI < 65                                                             | 50% reduction in phosphorus loads             | §303(d)(1)                            | Diagnostic/Feasibility Study Report, Lake<br>Hendricks/Deer Creek Watershed, Brookings County,                                                                                                                             |
|                    | sediment                            | Increased average lake depth<br>by 6 feet over 100 acres             | Remove 1 million cubic yards of lake sediment | §303(d)(1)                            | South Dakota; Lincoln County, Minnesota<br>(SD DENR, February 1993)                                                                                                                                                        |

| Waterbody<br>Name*      | TMDL<br>Parameter<br>/<br>Pollutant | Water Quality<br>Goal/Endpoint                                           | TMDL                                                                                | Section<br>303(d)1 or<br>(d)3<br>TMDL | Supporting Documentation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Lake<br>Hiddenwood*     | phosphorus                          | Decreased winter fish kills<br>and increased visitor days                | Maintenance of increased<br>depth regime plus 2%<br>decrease in phosphorus<br>loads | §303(d)(1)                            | Lake Hiddenwood Restoration and Protection Project<br>Preproposal<br>(North Central RC&D August 1993)<br>Lake Hiddenwood Restoration and Protection Project<br>Implementation Plan for FY 94 (1994)<br>Preliminary Report; Hiddenwood Recreation Damsite<br>and Reservoir, North Central RC&D (RC-050-WA),<br>Walworth County, SD (USDA, SCS; August 1978) |
|                         | sediment                            | Increased depth<br>corresponding to increasing<br>volume by 53 acre-feet | Maintenance of increased<br>depth regime plus 5%<br>decrease in sediment<br>loads   | <b>§303(d)</b> (1)                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Lake<br>Madison*        | phosphorus                          | TSI < 50                                                                 | 50% reduction in phosphorus loads                                                   | §303(d)(1)                            | Phase I Watershed Assessment Final Report - Madison<br>Lake/Brant Lake, Lake County South Dakota<br>(SD DENR, October 1998)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Lake Brant <sup>*</sup> | phosphorus                          | TSI < 50                                                                 | 50% reduction in phosphorus loads                                                   | <b>§303(d)</b> (1)                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| McCook<br>Lake*         | sediment                            | Increased average lake depth<br>by 4.5 feet over 183 acres               | Remove 1.7 million<br>cubic yards of lake<br>sediment                               | §303(d)(1)                            | Diagnostic/Feasibility Study Report McCook Lake,<br>Union County, South Dakota<br>(SD DENR, March 1990)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Ravine Lake*            | phosphorus                          | TSI of <84                                                               | 70% reduction in phosphorus loads                                                   | §303(d)(1)                            | Diagnostic\Feasibility Study Report, Ravine Lake,<br>Beadle County, SD (SD DENR, July 1990)<br>AGNPS Modeling of the Ravine Lake Watershed,<br>Huron, SD (SD DENR, July 1988)                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                         | fecal<br>coliform                   | < 400/100 mL fecal coliform counts                                       | < 400/100 mL fecal<br>coliform counts                                               | §303(d)(1)                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Redfield<br>Lake        | phosphorus                          | TSI < 90                                                                 | 45% reduction in total<br>phosphorus load                                           | §303(d)(1)                            | Lake Assessment Project Report, Lake Redfield, Spink<br>County, SD<br>(SD DENR, May 1993)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                         | sediment                            | Increased average lake depth<br>by 5 feet over 31 acres                  | Remove 250,000 cubic yards of lake sediment                                         | §303(d)(1)                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

| Waterbody<br>Name* | TMDL<br>Parameter<br>/<br>Pollutant | Water Quality<br>Goal/Endpoint | TMDL                              | Section<br>303(d)1 or<br>(d)3<br>TMDL | Supporting Documentation                                               |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Swan Lake"         | phosphorus                          | TSI < 65                       | 60% reduction in phosphorus loads | §303(d)(1)                            | Diagnostic/Feasibility Study Swan Lake; Turner County,<br>South Dakota |
|                    | sediment                            | TSI (secchi depth) < 65        | 50% increase in secchi<br>depth   | §303(d)(1)                            | (SD DENR, January 1993)                                                |

\* An asterisk indicates the waterbody has been included on the State's Section 303(d) list of waterbodies in need of TMDLs.

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| State/Tribe:<br>Waterbody Name: Lake Bryc<br>Point Source-control TM<br>Date Received: March 3    | IDL:                       | Nonpoint Source-control TMDL: X (check one or both)<br>Date Review completed: April 9, 1999 BAZ                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Review Criteria<br>(All criteria must be met for<br>approval.)                                    | Approved<br>(check if yes) | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <ul> <li>TMDLs result in<br/>maintaining and<br/>attaining water quality<br/>standards</li> </ul> | x                          | The waterbody classification uses which are addressed by this TMDL are aquatic life and recreation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Water Quality<br>Standards Target                                                                 | x                          | Targets were established based on trophic status and sediment loading rate. These are reasonable indicators to use in expressing the TMDL targets since they are quantifiable and relate to the use impairments.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| ■ TMDL                                                                                            | x                          | The TMDLs are expressed in terms of annual phosphorus and sediment load<br>reductions. This is a reasonable way to express the TMDL for lakes since it takes<br>lakes a period of time to respond to pollutant reductions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Significant sources<br>identified                                                                 | х                          | Significant sources were adequately identified in a categorical and/or individual source-by-source basis. All sources that need to be addressed through controls were identified (including the removal of lake bottom sediment, if needed.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Technical analysis                                                                                | x                          | Monitoring, empirical relationships, and best professional judgement were used in<br>identifying pollutant sources and causes and in identifying acceptable levels of<br>pollutant control, and in identifying appropriate levels of control. This level of<br>technical analysis is reasonable and appropriate because of the character of the<br>pollutants, the type of land use practices, and watershed type.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Margin of safety and<br>Seasonality                                                               | х                          | An appropriate margin of safety is included by performing ongoing monitoring to<br>assure water quality goals are achieved, by a high level of detailed monitoring and<br>assessment, by further educational efforts throughout the watershed, by<br>conservative assumptions regarding no-till or minimum till acreage, application of<br>additional nutrient BMPs, and stabilization of more shoreline than recommended<br>through the assessment Study. Seasonality was adequately considered by<br>evaluating the cumulative impacts of the various seasons on water quality and by<br>tailoring the BMPs to seasonal needs. |
| Allocation                                                                                        | x                          | All the allocation for the TMDL was a "load allocation" attributed to nonpoint sources. Allocation was attributed to such sources as animal feeding areas, shoreline areas, and croplands.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Public review                                                                                     | x                          | Public review and participation was conducted through meetings, electronic media, and mailings. The extent of public review is acceptable. Further, the review process sponsored by the State was adequate for purposes of developing a TMDL that will be implemented because of public acceptance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

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EPA Region VIII

| State/Tribe: South Dakota<br>Waterbody Name: Elm Lake<br>Point Source-control TMDL:<br>Date Received: March 30, 1999 |                            | Nonpoint Source-control TMDL: X (check one or both)<br>Date Review completed: April 9, 1999 BAZ                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |  |  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Review Criteria<br>(All criteria must be met for<br>approval.)                                                       | Approved<br>(check if yes) | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |  |  |
| TMDLs result in<br>maintaining and<br>attaining water quality<br>standards                                           | x                          | The waterbody classification uses which are addressed by this TMDL are drinking water and recreation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |  |
| Water Quality<br>Standards Target                                                                                    | x                          | Targets were established based on nitrogen:phosphorus ratios. This is a reasonable approach since it relates to the trophic status of the waterbody which, in turn, relates to the uses of concern.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |  |  |
| • TMDL                                                                                                               | х                          | The TMDL is expressed in terms of annual phosphorus load reduction. This is a reasonable way to express the TMDL for lakes since it takes lakes a period of time to respond to pollutant reductions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |  |
| Significant sources<br>identified                                                                                    | х                          | Significant sources were adequately identified in a categorical and/or individual source-by-source basis. All sources that need to be addressed through controls were identified (including the removal of lake bottom sediment, if needed.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |  |
| Technical analysis                                                                                                   | x                          | Monitoring, empirical relationships, AGNPS modeling, and best professional<br>judgement were used in identifying pollutant sources and causes and in identifying<br>acceptable levels of pollutant control, and in identifying appropriate levels of<br>control. This level of technical analysis is reasonable and appropriate because of<br>the character of the pollutants, the type of land use practices, and watershed type.                                                                                                                                                              |  |  |
| Margin of safety and<br>Seasonality                                                                                  | X                          | An appropriate margin of safety is included by performing ongoing monitoring to<br>assure water quality goals are achieved and by application of additional nonpoint<br>source BMPs. Seasonality was adequately considered by evaluating the<br>cumulative impacts of the various seasons on water quality and by tailoring the<br>BMPs to seasonal needs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |  |
| Allocation                                                                                                           | x                          | All the allocation for the TMDL was a "load allocation" attributed to nonpoint sources. Allocation was attributed to such sources as animal feeding areas, shoreline areas, and croplands.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |  |
| Public review                                                                                                        | x                          | Public review and participation was conducted through meetings, electronic<br>media, and mailings. The extent of public review is acceptable. Since part of the<br>Elm Lake watershed is in North Dakota, the state of North Dakota as well as local<br>entities in that State have participated in the development of the TMDL and will be<br>participating in the future through implementation of BMPks within the watershed.<br>Further, the review process sponsored by the State was adequate for purposes of<br>developing a TMDL that will be implemented because of public acceptance. |  |  |

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| State/Tribe:       South Dakota         Waterbody Name: Lake Faulkton       Point Source-control TMDL:         Point Source-control TMDL:       Nonpoint Source-control TMDL: X (check one or both)         Date Received:       March 30, 1999         Date Review completed:       April 9, 1999         BAZ |                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Review Criteria<br>(All criteria must be met for<br>approval.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Approved<br>(check if yes) | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |  |
| TMDLs result in<br>maintaining and<br>attaining water quality<br>standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | х                          | The waterbody classification uses which are addressed by this TMDL are aquatic life and recreation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Water Quality<br/>Standards Target</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | x                          | Targets were established based on trophic status and lake depth. This is a reasonable approach since it relates to the trophic status of the waterbody as well as the physical nature of the lake which, in turn, relates to the uses of concern.                                                                                                                                                                                  |  |  |
| ■ TMDL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | X                          | The TMDL is expressed in terms of annual phosphorus load reduction and<br>removal of lake sediment. This is a reasonable way to express the TMDL for this<br>lake since it provides an effective surrogate reflective of both the aquatic life and<br>recreational needs.                                                                                                                                                          |  |  |
| Significant sources<br>identified                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | x                          | Significant sources were adequately identified in a categorical and/or individual source-by-source basis. All sources that need to be addressed through controls were identified (including the removal of lake bottom sediment, if needed.)                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |  |
| Technical analysis                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | x                          | Monitoring, empirical relationships, AGNPS modeling, and best professional<br>judgement were used in identifying pollutant sources and causes and in identifying<br>acceptable levels of pollutant control, and in identifying appropriate levels of<br>control. This level of technical analysis is reasonable and appropriate because of<br>the character of the pollutants, the type of land use practices, and watershed type. |  |  |
| ■ Margin of safety and<br>Seasonality                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | x                          | An appropriate margin of safety is included by performing ongoing monitoring to<br>assure water quality goals are achieved and by application of additional nonpoint<br>source BMPs. Seasonality was adequately considered by evaluating the<br>cumulative impacts of the various seasons on water quality and by tailoring the<br>BMPs to seasonal needs.                                                                         |  |  |
| Allocation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | x                          | All the allocation for the TMDL was a "load allocation" attributed to nonpoint sources. Allocation was attributed to such sources as animal feeding areas and croplands.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |  |  |
| Public review                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | x                          | Public review and participation was conducted through meetings, electronic media, and mailings. The extent of public review is acceptable. Further, the review process sponsored by the State was adequate for purposes of developing a TMDL that will be implemented because of public acceptance.                                                                                                                                |  |  |

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| State/Tribe:       South Dakota         Waterbody Name:       Lake Hendricks         Point Source-control TMDL:       Nonpoint Source-control TMDL: X (check one or both)         Date Received:       March 30, 1999         Date Review completed:       April 9, 1999         BAZ |                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |  |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Review Criteria<br>(All criteria must be met for<br>approval.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Approved<br>(check if yes) | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |  |
| <ul> <li>TMDLs result in<br/>maintaining and<br/>attaining water quality<br/>standards</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                    | x                          | The waterbody classification uses which are addressed by this TMDL are aquatic life and recreation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Water Quality</li> <li>Standards Target</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | x                          | Targets were established based on trophic status and lake depth. This is a reasonable approach since it relates to the trophic status of the waterbody as well as the physical nature of the lake which, in turn, relates to the uses of concern.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |  |
| = TMDL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | x                          | The TMDL is expressed in terms of annual phosphorus load reduction and<br>removal of lake sediment. This is a reasonable way to express the TMDL for this<br>lake since it provides an effective surrogate reflective of both the aquatic life and<br>recreational needs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Significant sources<br/>identified</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | x                          | Significant sources were adequately identified in a categorical and/or individual source-by-source basis. All sources that need to be addressed through controls were identified (including the removal of lake bottom sediment, if needed.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |  |  |
| Technical analysis                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | x                          | Monitoring, empirical relationships, and best professional judgement were used in<br>identifying pollutant sources and causes and in identifying acceptable levels of<br>pollutant control, and in identifying appropriate levels of control. This level of<br>technical analysis is reasonable and appropriate because of the character of the<br>pollutants, the type of land use practices, and watershed type.                                                                                                                                                                             |  |  |
| ■ Margin of safety and<br>Seasonality                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | x                          | An appropriate margin of safety is included by augmenting the watershed land use<br>controls with in-lake dredging. The in-lake dredging will further reduce the<br>amount of available nutrients into the lake because of increased depth as well as<br>provide further aquatic life habitat. Additional margin of safety could be provided<br>through addressing the failing wastewater on-site systems near the lake.<br>Seasonality was adequately considered by evaluating the cumulative impacts of the<br>various seasons on water quality and by tailoring the BMPs to seasonal needs. |  |  |
| Allocation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | x                          | All the allocation for the TMDL was a "load allocation" attributed to nonpoint sources. Allocation was attributed to such sources as animal feeding areas and croplands.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |  |  |
| Public review                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | x                          | Public review and participation was conducted through meetings, electronic<br>media, and mailings. The extent of public review is acceptable. Further, the<br>review process sponsored by the State was adequate for purposes of developing a<br>TMDL that will be implemented because of public acceptance. This TMDL<br>involved cooperation between South Dakota and Minnesota since the watershed is<br>in both states. Lincoln County, Minnesota participated in the process as a<br>stakeholder.                                                                                         |  |  |

| State/Tribe:<br>Waterbody Name: Lake Hidd<br>Point Source-control TMD<br>Date Received: March 30, | L: No                      | onpoint Source-control TMDL: X (check one or both)<br>ate Review completed: April 9, 1999 BAZ                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Review Criteria<br>(All criteria must be met for<br>approval.)                                    | Approved<br>(check if yes) | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| TMDLs result in<br>maintaining and<br>attaining water quality<br>standards                        | x                          | The waterbody classification uses which are addressed by this TMDL are aquatic life and recreation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <ul> <li>Water Quality</li> <li>Standards Target</li> </ul>                                       | x                          | Targets were established based on lake depth, fish kill frequency, and visitor-days.<br>These are reasonable targets for the TMDL since they relate to the impaired uses<br>of concern.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ■ TMDL                                                                                            | x                          | The TMDL are expressed in terms of annual phosphorus load reduction and<br>removal of lake sediment. Also, the TMDL relates to the depth and volume of the<br>Lake. Lake depth has a particularly important factor related to both the<br>recreational use and fisheries use of the Lake. The emphasis at this point in time<br>is to protect the improvements already made in the Lake as well as adding more<br>controls on pollutant sources as a margin of safety.     |
| Significant sources<br>identified                                                                 | x                          | Significant sources were adequately identified in a categorical and/or individual source-by-source basis. All sources that need to be addressed through controls were identified (including the removal of lake bottom sediment, if needed.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Technical analysis                                                                                | x                          | Monitoring, empirical relationships, AGNPS modeling, and best professional<br>judgement were used in identifying pollutant sources and causes and in identifying<br>acceptable levels of pollutant control, and in identifying appropriate levels of<br>control. This level of technical analysis is reasonable and appropriate because of<br>the character of the pollutants, the type of land use practices, and watershed type.                                         |
| Margin of safety and<br>Seasonality                                                               | x                          | An appropriate margin of safety is included by performing ongoing monitoring to<br>assure water quality goals are achieved and by application of additional nonpoint<br>source BMPs. Additional BMPs include entrapment dams, construction of four<br>agricultural waste systems, and cropland BMPs. Seasonality was adequately<br>considered by evaluating the cumulative impacts of the various seasons on water<br>quality and by tailoring the BMPs to seasonal needs. |
| Allocation                                                                                        | x                          | All the allocation for the TMDL was a "load allocation" attributed to nonpoint<br>sources. Allocation was attributed to such sources as animal feeding areas and<br>croplands as well as to the bottom lake sediment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Public review                                                                                     | x                          | Public review and participation was conducted through meetings, electronic media, and mailings. The extent of public review is acceptable. Further, the review process sponsored by the State was adequate for purposes of developing a TMDL that will be implemented because of public acceptance.                                                                                                                                                                        |

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| State/Tribe: S<br>Waterbody Name: Lake Madi<br>Point Source-control TMD<br>Date Received: March 30, | L: No                      | onpoint Source-control TMDL: X (check one or both)<br>te Review completed: April 9, 1999 BAZ                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Review Criteria<br>(All criteria must be met for<br>approval.)                                      | Approved<br>(check if yes) | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <ul> <li>TMDLs result in<br/>maintaining and<br/>attaining water quality<br/>standards</li> </ul>   | х                          | The waterbody classification uses which are addressed by this TMDL are aquatic life and recreation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Water Quality<br>Standards Target                                                                   | x                          | Targets were established based on trophic status. This is a reasonable approach since trophic status of the waterbody relates to the uses of concern.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| • TMDL                                                                                              | X                          | The TMDLs for each lake are expressed in terms of annual phosphorus load<br>reduction. This is a reasonable way to express the TMDL for this lake since it<br>takes a long period of time for a lake to respond to water quality controls, rather<br>than on a daily basis.                                                                                                                                                            |
| Significant sources<br>identified                                                                   | x                          | Significant sources were adequately identified in a categorical and/or individual source-by-source basis. All sources that need to be addressed through controls were identified (including the removal of lake bottom sediment, if needed.)                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <ul> <li>Technical analysis</li> </ul>                                                              | x                          | Monitoring, empirical relationships, AGNPS modeling, and best professional<br>judgement were used in identifying pollutant sources and causes and in identifying<br>acceptable levels of pollutant control, and in identifying appropriate levels of<br>control. This level of technical analysis is reasonable and appropriate because of<br>the character of the pollutants, the type of land use practices, and watershed type.     |
| Margin of safety and<br>Seasonality                                                                 | x                          | An appropriate margin of safety is included by performing ongoing monitoring to<br>assure water quality goals are achieved, by increasing the target phosphorus<br>reduction from 40% to 50%, and possibly by application of additional nonpoint<br>source BMPs. Seasonality was adequately considered by evaluating the<br>cumulative impacts of the various seasons on water quality and by tailoring the<br>BMPs to seasonal needs. |
| Allocation                                                                                          | x                          | All the allocation for the TMDL was a "load allocation" attributed to nonpoint sources. Allocation was attributed to such sources as animal feeding areas and croplands.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Public review                                                                                       | x                          | Public review and participation was conducted through meetings, electronic media, and mailings. The extent of public review is acceptable. Further, the review process sponsored by the State was adequate for purposes of developing a TMDL that will be implemented because of public acceptance.                                                                                                                                    |

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| State/Tribe:       South Dakota         Waterbody Name:       McCook Lake         Point Source-control TMDL:       Nonpoint Source-control TMDL: X (check one or both)         Date Received:       March 30, 1999         Date Review completed:       April 9, 1999         BAZ |                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Review Criteria<br>(All criteria must be met for<br>approval.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Approved<br>(check if yes) | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| TMDLs result in<br>maintaining and<br>attaining water quality<br>standards                                                                                                                                                                                                        | x                          | The waterbody classification uses which are addressed by this TMDL are aquatic life and recreation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Water Quality<br>Standards Target                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | x                          | Targets were established based on lake depth. This is a reasonable approach since<br>it relates to the trophic status of the waterbody as well as the physical nature of the<br>lake which, in turn, relates to the uses of concern.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| TMDL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | х                          | The TMDL is expressed in terms of removal of lake sediment. This is a reasonable way to express the TMDL for this lake since it provides an effective surrogate reflective of both the aquatic life and recreational needs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Significant sources<br>identified                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | х                          | There are no contemporary sources of sediment (the pollutant of concern).<br>Rather, the current lake sediment that has been deposited over the years is the<br>primary cause of impairment within the lake.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Technical analysis                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | х                          | Monitoring, empirical relationships, and best professional judgement were used in identifying acceptable levels of sediment removal from the Lake. This level of technical analysis is reasonable and appropriate because of the character of the pollutants, the type of land use practices, and watershed type.                                                                                                                                                      |
| Margin of safety and<br>Seasonality                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | x                          | An appropriate margin of safety is included by performing ongoing monitoring to<br>assure water quality goals are achieved and by removal of more sediment than<br>calculated to support inlake uses. Seasonality was adequately considered by<br>evaluating the changes in lake conditions over the year, but seasonality has proven<br>to be of very little concern related to the development of the TMDL and<br>application of appropriate water quality controls. |
| Allocation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | X                          | All the allocation for the TMDL was a "load allocation" attributed to nonpoint sources. Allocation was attributed to lake bottom sediments.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Public review                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | x                          | Public review and participation was conducted through meetings, electronic media, and mailings. The extent of public review is acceptable. Further, the review process sponsored by the State was adequate for purposes of developing a TMDL that will be implemented because of public acceptance.                                                                                                                                                                    |

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**BPA** Region VIII

| State/Tribe:       South Dakota         Waterbody Name: Ravine Lake       Point Source-control TMDL:         Point Source-control TMDL:       Nonpoint Source-control TMDL: X (check one or both)         Date Received:       March 30, 1999         Date Review completed:       April 9, 1999         BAZ |                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Review Criteria<br>(All criteria must be met for<br>approval.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Approved<br>(check if yes) | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| TMDLs result in<br>maintaining and<br>attaining water quality<br>standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | x                          | The waterbody classification uses which are addressed by this TMDL are aquatic life and recreation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Water Quality<br>Standards Target                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | x                          | Targets were established based on trophic status and fecal coliform concentration.<br>This is a reasonable approach since these factors relate to the uses of concern.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| ■ TMDL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | x                          | The TMDL is expressed in terms of annual phosphorus load reduction and fecal coliform concentration. This is a reasonable way to express the TMDLs for this lake since it provides an effective surrogate reflective of both the aquatic life and recreational needs and reflects the long response time of lakes of this type to pollutant controls within the watershed.                                                                                                     |
| Significant sources<br>identified                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | x                          | Significant sources were adequately identified in a categorical and/or individual source-by-source basis. All sources that need to be addressed through controls were identified (including the removal of lake bottom sediment, if needed.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Technical analysis                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | x                          | Monitoring, empirical relationships, AGNPS modeling, and best professional<br>judgement were used in identifying pollutant sources and causes and in identifying<br>acceptable levels of pollutant control, and in identifying appropriate levels of<br>control. This level of technical analysis is reasonable and appropriate because of<br>the character of the pollutants, the type of land use practices, and watershed type.                                             |
| Margin of safety and<br>Seasonality                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | X                          | An appropriate margin of safety is included by performing ongoing monitoring to<br>assure water quality goals are achieved and by application of additional nonpoint<br>source BMPs including the stabilization of more shoreline than calculated and<br>removal of more lake sediments than calculated. Seasonality was adequately<br>considered by evaluating the cumulative impacts of the various seasons on water<br>quality and by tailoring the BMPs to seasonal needs. |
| Allocation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | x                          | All the allocation for the TMDL was a "load allocation" attributed to nonpoint sources. Allocation was attributed to such sources as animal feeding areas and croplands.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Public review                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | x                          | Public review and participation was conducted through meetings, electronic media, and mailings. The extent of public review is acceptable. Further, the review process sponsored by the State was adequate for purposes of developing a TMDL that will be implemented because of public acceptance.                                                                                                                                                                            |

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EPA Region VIII

| State/Tribe:       South Dakota         Waterbody Name: Redfield Lake       Point Source-control TMDL:         Point Source-control TMDL:       Nonpoint Source-control TMDL: X (check one or both)         Date Received:       March 30, 1999         Date Review completed:       April 9, 1999         BAZ |                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Review Criteria<br>(All criteria must be met for<br>approval.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Approved<br>(check if yes) | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| TMDLs result in<br>maintaining and<br>attaining water quality<br>standards                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | х                          | The waterbody classification uses which are addressed by this TMDL are aquatic life and recreation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Water Quality<br>Standards Target                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | x                          | Targets were established based on trophic status and lake depth. This is a reasonable approach since it relates to the trophic status of the waterbody as well as the physical nature of the lake which, in turn, relates to the uses of concern.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ■ TMDL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | x                          | The TMDL is expressed in terms of annual phosphorus load reduction and<br>removal of lake sediment. This is a reasonable way to express the TMDL for this<br>lake since it provides an effective surrogate reflective of both the aquatic life and<br>recreational needs.                                                                                                                                          |
| Significant sources<br>identified                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | x                          | Significant sources were adequately identified in a categorical and/or individual source-by-source basis. All sources that need to be addressed through controls were identified (including the removal of lake bottom sediment, if needed.)                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Technical analysis                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | х                          | Monitoring, empirical relationships, and best professional judgement were used in<br>identifying pollutant sources and causes and in identifying acceptable levels of<br>pollutant control, and in identifying appropriate levels of control. This level of<br>technical analysis is reasonable and appropriate because of the character of the<br>pollutants, the type of land use practices, and watershed type. |
| Margin of safety and<br>Seasonality                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | x                          | An appropriate margin of safety is included by performing ongoing monitoring to<br>assure water quality goals are achieved, by application of additional nonpoint<br>source BMPs, and by dredging more lake sediments than calculated. Seasonality<br>was adequately considered by evaluating the cumulative impacts of the various<br>seasons on water quality and by tailoring the BMPs to seasonal needs.       |
| Allocation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | x                          | All the allocation for the TMDL was a "load allocation" attributed to nonpoint sources. Allocation was attributed to such sources as animal feeding areas and bottom sediments.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Public review                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | x                          | Public review and participation was conducted through meetings, electronic media, and mailings. The extent of public review is acceptable. Further, the review process sponsored by the State was adequate for purposes of developing a TMDL that will be implemented because of public acceptance.                                                                                                                |

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| State/Tribe:       South Dakota         Waterbody Name:       Swan Lake         Point Source-control TMDL:       Nonpoint Source-control TMDL: X (check one or both)         Date Received:       March 30, 1999         Date Review completed:       April 9, 1999         BAZ |                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Review Criteria<br>(All criteria must be met for<br>approval.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Approved<br>(check if yes) | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| TMDLs result in<br>maintaining and<br>attaining water quality<br>standards                                                                                                                                                                                                      | x                          | The waterbody classification uses which are addressed by this TMDL are aquatic life and recreation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Water Quality<br>Standards Target                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | x                          | Targets were established based on trophic status and secchi depth. This is a reasonable approach since it relates to the trophic status of the waterbody as well as the physical nature of the lake which is, in turn, related to the uses of concern.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| ■ TMDL                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | х                          | The TMDL is expressed in terms of annual phosphorus load reduction and<br>increase in clarity (e.g., secchi depth). This is a reasonable way to express the<br>TMDL for this lake since it provides an effective surrogate reflective of both the<br>aquatic life and recreational needs.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <ul> <li>Significant sources<br/>identified</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | х                          | Significant sources were adequately identified in a categorical and/or individual source-by-source basis. All sources that need to be addressed through controls were identified (including the removal of lake bottom sediment, if needed.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Technical analysis                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | x                          | Monitoring, empirical relationships, and best professional judgement were used in<br>identifying pollutant sources and causes and in identifying acceptable levels of<br>pollutant control, and in identifying appropriate levels of control. This level of<br>technical analysis is reasonable and appropriate because of the character of the<br>pollutants, the type of land use practices, and watershed type.                                                |
| Margin of safety and<br>Seasonality                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | x                          | An appropriate margin of safety is included by performing ongoing monitoring to<br>assure water quality goals are achieved and by application of additional nonpoint<br>source BMPs including selective dredging, bank stabilization, and elimination of<br>inflow from Turkey Ridge Creek. Seasonality was adequately considered by<br>evaluating the cumulative impacts of the various seasons on water quality and by<br>tailoring the BMPs to seasonal needs. |
| Allocation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | x                          | All the allocation for the TMDL was a "load allocation" attributed to nonpoint<br>sources. Allocation was attributed to such sources as land uses in the Turkey<br>Ridge Creek sub-watershed and in-lake sediments.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Public review                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | x                          | Public review and participation was conducted through meetings, electronic media, and mailings. The extent of public review is acceptable. Further, the review process sponsored by the State was adequate for purposes of developing a TMDL that will be implemented because of public acceptance.                                                                                                                                                               |